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PORTLAND PUBLISHING CO.

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN B. HUDSON, Jr.,
Sign, Banner and Ornamental
PAINTER,
268 1-2 Middle Street, Portland.
Curtains, Ornamental Cards, Glass Signs, Scenery and all kinds of Fancy Painting.
jny16 3w

SCRIBNER & JORDAN,
Attorneys and Solicitors
—OF—
American and Foreign Patents,
209 Congress St., Portland, Me.
Examinations made by our agent in Washington when desired. Consultation free. Letters of inquiry cheerfully and promptly answered. All business in respect to an application for Patent can be transacted by mail. jy2dtf

M. N. BRUNS,
SHOW CASE MANUFACTURER,
19 1-2 Market Sqr. (up Stairs.)
A good variety of cases always ready made.
☞ Mr. B., is always ready to obtain employment for Scandinavian Immigrants. Those desiring such help can apply as above or at No. 10 Elm St.
jun26eod6m

ROSS & STURDIVANT,
WHOLESALE COAL DEALERS
179 Commercial St., Portland.
Agents in Maine for the sale and shipment of the Celebrated Coal mined by Messrs. Hammett Neill & Co., of Philadelphia.
We have also for sale at lowest market price, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Lackawanna, and Pittston Coals, shipped from the vicinity of New York. Vessels procured for the transportation of coals from port of shipment anywhere any point desired. tfapr27

W. L. KEILER,
FRESCO PAINTER,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
Order Slate at O. M. & E. P. Brooks, 333 Congress Street.
☞ All orders promptly attended to.
my28tf

CHAS. A. WARREN,
(Formerly Warren & Gregg.)
SHIP BROKER,
—AND—
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
424 SOUTH DELAWARE AVENUE,
PHILADELPHIA. jan31

H. L. GREGG & Co.,
Successors to Warren & Gregg.
SHIP BROKERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS!
No. 8 Walnut St., Philadelphia.
H. L. GREGG, J. B. HAMEL, JR.
jan23-1y

PORTRAIT PAINTER.
J. G. CLOUDMAN,
148 EXCHANGE ST.
jan22tf

EDGAR S. BROWN,
Counsellor and Attorney at Law!
No. 80 MIDDLE STREET.
☞ Particular attention paid to collecting.
jan24-1y

GEORGE D. JOST,
FRESCO PAINTER
RESIDENCE, 6 BRADFORD STREET.
N. B. Order Slate at F. F. Hale's, Corner of Free and Cross Streets. dc20 tf

J. H. LAMSON,
PHOTOGRAPHER,
No 152 Middle Street.
PORTLAND, ME.
Copying and enlarging done to order
All the new styles, Berlins, Rembrants, Medallion, the Porcelain, or Mezzotint card, and the renowned card, by which new process we get rid of freckles moles, wrinkles, and all imperfections of the skin Call and judge for yourselves.
☞ Motto—Good work at Moderate Prices. Aim to Please. may 29

HUNT & JEWETT,
Wholesale Dealers in
Italian & American Marble,
Office 312 CONGRESS STREET,
Yard 43 PREBLE STREET.
SHALL keep on hand a good assortment of Italian and American Marble, and will receive orders to cut to size all kinds of Monumental stock, at prices that will not fail to be satisfactory to all marble workers. aug22

J. H. HOOPER,
UPHOLSTERER
Nos. 31 & 33 Free Street,
MANUFACTURER OF
PARLOR SUITS, LOUNGES, SPRING BEDS, MATTRESSES,
McDonough Patent Bed Lounges, Enameled Chairs, &c.
☞ All kinds of repairing neatly done. Furniture boxed and matled. ac25-tf T&Stf

WM. M. MARKS,
Book, Card & Job Printer,
109 EXCHANGE ST.,
(DAILY PRESS PRINTING HOUSE.)
Every Description of work promptly and carefully executed, and at the lowest prices.
ap22 tc

ESTABLISHED 1840.
W. FRANK BACON,
Manufacturer of
Gold & Silver Leaf, Bronze, Gold Foil and Dentists' Plate,
No. 33 Hawkins St., near Sudbury Street, BOSTON, MASS.
☞ Refining done at short notice. ap27*3m

WM. A. EVANS,
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
FORT FAIRFIELD.
Jy1tf

Caution.
SOME dealers are selling inferior grades of Boots and Shoes representing them to be my manufacture. All Boots and Shoes of my make have my name stamped on the bottom of each, also a *fac simile Medal* awarded at the Paris Exposition 1867.
New York City, June 12.
EDWIN C. BURT.
Persons in want of Burt's genuine Boots and Shoes can always obtain them at my store 132 Middle St., Portland.
jel7eod 3w M. G. PALMER.

Sanford's Improved Refrigerators.
The three points of excellence which I claim, are: 1st; constant and thorough circulation of pure air; 2nd; dryness, no dampness mould nor taint; 3rd; no intermingling of odors; purity and active air, the elements of its success. Call, or send for circulars.
Manufactured and for sale by J. F. MERRILL, between Cross and Cotton sts., near Leavitt, Burnham & Co.'s Ice House, Portland, Me. je4dtf

Notice.
MR. H. E. PHINNEY, withdraws from our concern from this date. ALLEN & CO.
Portland July 1st, 1872. jy25-d3t

Gig Saw For Sale.
A GOOD Gate Saw, nearly new. Enquire or address LITTLEFIELD & WILSON, Cor. York and Maple streets. ja31eodtf

SUMMER RETREATS.

GEORGES HOTEL,
MAIN STREET,
THOMASTON, MAINE.
This old, well known and favorite house has during the past winter, been thoroughly repaired, remodeled and supplied with new furniture, in style equal to any Hotel of the day; is now opened for permanent and transient boarders.
The rooms are light and airy, the arrangement, being such, that each room has a view upon Main st., a street unsurpassed in beauty, by none in the State. Making it a most pleasant resort for visitors from cities during the summer season.
The larder will be kept fully supplied with the best the market affords, at all times and seasons, and no pains or expense spared to make the condition of all who may patronize the House agreeable and happy.
Central and commodious SAMPLE ROOMS are open, in connection with the house to accommodate Traveling agents.
Coaches leave the House to connect with all the Steamers touching at Rockland, from east or west. Also to carry passengers to and from the cars.
Carleton's well-known Livery Stable is connected with the House.
All old acquaintance and friends at the LYNDE HOUSE, where the undersigned officiated as Clerk from its opening, are invited not to forget his present residence. He will be at home and happy to meet them all. WILLIAM K. BICKFORD, Proprietor.
CHARLES H. GLOYD, Clerk.
Thomaston, June 1st, 1872. je13dtf

PROVINCE HOUSE,
ON
EUROPEAN PLAN,
163 Washington & 11 Province Ct.
OPPOSITE OLD SOUTH CHURCH, BOSTON.
G. A. COWAN, Proprietor.
This House recently opened. Everything new throughout. Rooms by the day or week. 75 and $1.00 per day. aug13

ADAMS HOUSE,
Old Orchard Beach, Saco, Me.
This popular house is now ready to receive boarders, regular and transient.
Prices from $1.00 to $1.25 per day.
MRS. M. A. WHITTEN, Proprietress.
jy1

BEALS' HOTEL,
NORWAY.
On the Grand Trunk R. R., (South Paris Station.)
Carriages from the house at every train.
Billiard and Bath Rooms; also, a good Livery and Feed Stable connected with the house. WM. P. JORDAN, Manager.
jul1

OCEAN HOUSE,
Cape Elizabeth Beach.
This popular and home-like summer resort will be re-opened for the season on Tuesday, June 11, 1872.
J. P. CHAMBERLIN, Prop.
jun8tf

"BLACK ROCK."
THIS favorite shooting and fishing resort, formerly the headquarters of the lamented "Kale" Loring will be open to transient company and regular boarders during the pleasure and recreation season of 1872. No effort will be spared to make "Black Rock" pleasant for all who may visit it or those who choose to tarry. J. W. PILLSBURY, Prop.
jun8

Washington House!
North Cornwaq, N. H.
Is now open for summer and transient boarders. It is the nearest hotel to the Portland & Ogdensburg R. R. Depot. Rooms pleasant and well ventilated. Terms from six to ten dollars per week., transient two dollars and a half per day.
my22-eod-3m JAS. M. GIBSON, Proprietor.

TO LET.

PIANO TO LET!
ENQUIRE at 13 Cushman St aug1434

Hotel for Lease
—AND—
Furniture for Sale.
THE well known AMERICAN HOUSE, well furnished, now doing a good paying business, situated on the corner of Middle and India streets, in this city, will be leased and the Furniture sold on reasonable terms. The present lessee sells intending to remove West. Apply to S. J. DODGE, at the house.
aug14d1m

SMALL RENT.
VERY convenient for small family, within five minutes walk of City Building; supplied with Sebago water.
Apply to W. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent.
July 24tf

To Let.
AN upper rent at No. 7 Wilmot street; one of the best rents in the city for the price. Call on L. TAYLOR, 176 Commercial st.
Aug 8th-dtf

House to Rent.
HOUSE 39 Myrtle st., containing 7 rooms; soft and hard water, and gas; in every way a desirable rent. Enquire on the premises. jy26d3w*

To Let.
A GOOD tenement of eight rooms. Sebago water. Call at 34 Paris Street.
jy26 tf

To Let.
THE very desirable Brick House No. 10 Pine st. May be seen Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays, from 10 to 12 A. M. Jy30dtf

House to Let.
ON Oxford Street near Elm; containing eight rooms, with modern improvements. Rent $250 per annum. Apply to F. H. WIDBER, 220 Commercial st.
jy2tf

To Let.
HOUSE No. 50 St. Lawrence, next to corner Congress st. Rent $200.
Dwelling Houses and Stores to rent.
Inquire of S. L. CARLETON,
jel3tf Attorney at Law, 80 Middle St.

TO LET.
Store and Basement
No. 47--49 Middle St.
One more of those large and commodious stores
IN THE THOMPSON BLOCK,
TO LET.
☞ If applied for immediately will be let low.
Inquire of MRS. H. E. THOMPSON, Lowell, Mass.,
Or, SHEPARD & COMPANY, same block,
je5dtf J. C. PROCTER, 93 Exchange st.

To Let.
STORE No. 92 Middle street, recently occupied by Hoyt, Fogg & Breed.
je3-tf MATTOCKS & FOX, 88 Middle st.

To Let,
TENEMENT to let, containing 7 rooms, Sebago water. For particulars call at 31 LINCOLN ST. aug23 tf

To be Let,
THE whole or part of the block of Brick Stores on Portland Pier.
Apply at the Merchants National Bank.
jy18tf

J. F. SISK,
171 FORE STREET
OFFERS FOR SALE
A LARGE STOCK
—OF—
Spring and Summer CLOTHING,
At Less than the Present Market Value!
Being a stock purchased to close the account of a suspended jobbing house in New York.
Read the List of Prices!
then call an see the goods and you will buy.
SISK is a veteran in the business, and thoroughly understands the wants of the people.
ALL WOOL SCOTCH SUITS,
Worth $13.50 for $9.
A Good Business Suit
For $7.50.
A Large Lot of All-Wool Vests, worth from $2.50 to $4.00 for $1.50 each.
☞ Please bear in mind that I have no connection now with any other store on the street, and I warrant every article to prove just as represented, as I thoroughly understand my business.
my23tf J. F. SISK, 171 Fore St.

REMOVAL!
HODGDON & SOULE, Wholesale dealers in Produce and General Commission Merchants have removed to Willis' Block, No. 101 Commercial Street, One door east of T. H. Weston & Co's.
jny16tf

Little Hog Island.
THE subscribers having completed their Wharf at Little Hog Island, are prepared to let the Island to pic-nic parties and associations by the day. Vessels of large size can lay at the wharf at low tide, and the landing not being a public one, parties hiring the Island will be secure from intrusion.
HENRY DEERING,
July 18-d1m W. H. PESSENDEN.

REAL ESTATE.

Geo. R. Davis & Co.'s
BULLETIN.
$20,000 to Loan!!!
We are prepared to loan money in sums from $100 to any amount desired, on first class mortgages in Portland, Cape Elizabeth, Westbrook, or Deering. Parties desirous of building can also be accommodated with loans.
GEO. R. DAVIS & CO.,
Real Estate & Mortgage Brokers.
se12tf

For Rent.
A FINE THREE STORY BRICK RESIDENCE in "Congress Square," twelve rooms, gas, Sebago, bathing-room, hot and cold water, and all modern improvements. A fine location for a physician.
Apply to
GEO. R. DAVIS & CO.,
ag13-eod2w Real Estate and Mortgage Brokers.

House on High St. for Rent.
A THREE STORY BRICK HOUSE, eleven rooms, with all modern improvements and in perfect order, will be let and possession given at once.
Apply to GEO. R. DAVIS & CO.,
ag13eod2w Real Estate and Mortgage Brokers.

WM. H. JERRIS,
Real Estate and Loan Agent.
Houses, Lots and Farms for Sale.
He would refer parties abroad to the following named gentlemen of this city: Hon. Geo. F. Shepley, Hon. A. W. H. Clapp, Hon. Benjamin Kingsbury, Jr., Hon. Nathan Webb, Hon. John Lynch, M. C.
For Sale, or Exchange.
A NEW HOUSE in the westerly part of the city, containing 10 good sized rooms. Lot contains over 5000 feet. Will exchange for a small farm within a few miles of Portland, or sell on very favorable terms. Apply to W. H. JERRIS.
aug10-1w*
A Good Brick House for Sale.
AT A BARGAIN—contains ten finished rooms, Gas and Sebago; very conveniently located for a man whose business is in the vicinity of the Grand Trunk Depot or New York and Boston Steamers. Will be sold low and on easy terms. Apply to WM. H. JERRIS, Real Estate and Loan Agent.
August 10th, 1872. eod3w*
Brick Boarding House for Sale.
Well located for a large Boarding House or a second-class Hotel. Contains twenty-three rooms, all in nice order. Gas and abundance of water. Located within two minutes' walk of the Grand Trunk Depot, the Boston and New York Steamers, and the Halifax and St. John line of Steamers.
This is a good opportunity for a man who understands keeping boarders. Terms favorable. Apply to WM. H. JERRIS, Real Estate and Loan Agent.
July 27-eodtf
House and Lot for $2200.
LOCATED on Munjoy. The house is two storied and convenient for two families; Sebago water; lot 40 by 80 feet. Will pay 15 per cent to rent. Terms of payment easy. Apply to WM. H. JERRIS, Real Estate Agent. jy27eod4w*
House For Sale or To Let.
ONE of the best and most convenient in the city. Containing 16 finished rooms, including Library Room, also Bathing Room with wash bowl and water closet. Is well closeted throughout, three soap stone wash tubs in kitchen, supplied with hot and cold water, cemented cellar, a never-failing well of water, and Cistern containing 60 hhds. filtered water; is warmed by furnace. A good stable and carriage house, every thing in good repair, having been thoroughly renovated only last season.
Inquire of S. B. GOWELL, 149 Middle St., or at house 6 Bramhall St. from 1 to 2 or from 7 to 9 P. M.
jy17-eod tf
Valuable Lot for Sale.
WE can sell at a very low price the valuable lot of land on South corner of Federal and India Streets. Said lot contains about 2500 square feet.
Apply to
F. O. BAILEY & CO., Auctioneers.
ag14tf
Furnished House for Sale.
THE House No. 172 Spring Street, owned and occupied by A. D. Brown, Esq. (premises in perfect order,) has 9 finished rooms, conveniently arranged, will be leased for one or more years, on reasonable terms, immediate possession given. For further particulars apply to E. E. UPHAM, No. 65 Exchange St. ag14tf
For Sale.
THE brick dwelling house No. 28 Park st., Portland. For particulars enquire on the premises; or to E P. SHERWOOD, 48 Exchange st. jy25tf
Desirable House Lots.
THE undersigned offers for sale a few very choice building lots, located on the line of Deering horse cars, and within 22 minutes' walk of Portland Post Office. Apply to
WARREN SPARROW,
jy25dtf 72 Exchange st,
House and Lot for Sale.
HOUSE No. 20 Anderson St. Price $1600. Seven finished rooms and good cellar, may be supplied with Sebago water at small expense. If not sold before 1st August will be rented.
Apply to JOHN PORTEOUS,
jy6-t1Aug Agent Grand Trunk Railway.

FOR SALE!
House No. 24 Emery St., head of Cushman Street.
Said house is one of the best locations on the street; fine neighborhood. Consists of two story framed House and ell, containing ten highly finished rooms; painted walls throughout; gas; good cellar and heated by furnace; large brick cistern filtered; well drained. One of the most desirable and convenient houses in the city; close to Spring street line of cars; can be seen from 3 to 5 P. M. Terms easy. Enquire on the premises.
June 19. dtf

FOR SALE!
TEBBETS HOUSE,
SPRINGVALE.
WILL BE SOLD CHEAP!
As the owner wants to go West.
jan31 SAMUEL D. TEBBETS.

ROOMS TO LET.
WITH board suitable for gentlemen and wives, or single gentlemen, or lodging rooms without board, at 209 Congress st., opposite the Park.
jny8tf

FOR SALE ON STATE STREET.
TWO Houses, No. 99 State street, and the one in the rear, on Vernon Court, together with the lot on which they stand.
Enquire of A. E. STEVENS & CO., 146 and 148 Commercial st.
Possession given immediately,
mh2-dtf

PORTLAND MACHINE WORKS
(FORMERLY C. STAPLES & SON.)
MARINE, Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Steam Boilers, Bleach Boilers and Rag Dusters, Shafting, Mill Gearing and General Machinery.
Castings of every description made to order.
☞ Repairing promptly attended to.
W. H. FESSENDEN,
jy27dimo 215 Commercial St

Let Me Speak Once More!
WHILE thanking the good people of Portland, for their kind patronage through the last season, I would invite any, and all who are to have any **Steam, Gas or Water Piping** done, to call and see if I will not give them the best satisfaction both as to price, style and promptness of work. I have also on hand a lot of excellent Hose, which I shall sell at reasonable rate; old ones also neatly repaired.
K. McDONALD, 206 Fore st.,
aug3dtf Foot of Plum st.

Housekeeping Goods
For Sale.
ANY person desiring a small stock of Furniture cheap, can find the same at 15 Mechanic St., as the occupant is about moving from the city.
ag6tf

Proposals
For Dredging in Merrimac River, Mass.
PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 10 o'clock A. M., on Friday the 6th day of September next, for about 4400 cubic yards of dredging, and for blasting and removing about 50 cubic yards of ledge from the channel of Merrimac River, above Haverhill, Mass.
Persons desiring to make proposals for this work, are requested to apply to the undersigned at his office in Morton Block, Congress St., Portland Me., or at No. 2 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass., for specifications and further information concerning the same.
Proposals must be in *duplicate*, on printed forms, which will be furnished, on application at this office, and must be accompanied by the requisite guaranty; and when transmitted must be endorsed on the envelope, "Proposals for Improving Merrimac River, Mass."
The undersigned reserves the right to reject all bids, which in his opinion, are not reasonable; also, the bid of any person who, in his belief, will not faithfully and promptly perform the contract.
GEO. THOM,
Lieut. Col. of Engineers,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. U. S. A.
U. S. Engineer's Office,
Portland, Aug. 7, 1872. 6t

Copartnership Notice.
THE undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of
HOWES, HILTON & TARBOX,
for the purpose of doing a Commission and Wholesale business in Flour, Corn, &c., and have taken the Store No. 103 Commercial St., formerly occupied by T. H. Weston & Co.
H. M. HOWES,
W. K. HILTON,
J. C. TARBOX.
July 16th, 1872.

Co-Partnership Notice.
WE the undersigned, have this day formed a copartnership under the style of J. W. STOCKWELL & COMPANY, for the purpose of manufacturing, under Patents of 1870, 1871 & 1872, Machinery to run by hand, horse or steam power, to make Drain and Sewer Pipe and artificial Stone Pavement and Building Blocks.
State and County Rights for sale, or licensed to work on a royalty.
JOHN W. STOCKWELL,
Portland, Me.
FREDERICK A. STOCKWELL,
Northampton, Mass.
August 1, 1872. an2dtf

NOTICE.
MY wife Ariminta Edwards having left my bed and board, all persons are hereby forbidden to harbor or trust her on my account as I shall pay no debts of her contracting after this date.
ISAAC EDWARDS.
Windham, July 10th, 1872. 3w*

MISCELLANEOUS.

UNQUESTIONABLY
The Best Known and Most Thoroughly Tested
FAMILY
SEWING MACHINE
For all kinds of work, heavy or light, and the most popular.
Wheeler & Wilson's.

This practical and easily managed machine has now stood the test of time and thorough experiment; and the thousands who have fortunately used ours, frankly give it the preference, as the very best, both in this country and in Europe. Study, capital and inventive genius have been devoted to its improvement for years, till, now with
ITS NEW SILENT FEED,
our present "Lock-Stitch" Machine has no equal in the world. The WHEELER & WILSON'S is reliable, economical and noiseless. It answers the wants of the household completely, and
ANY KIND OF SEWING
Needed in the Family can be done upon it with greater rapidity and ease of execution to beginners than can be accomplished on any other. It has received the HIGHEST PREMIUMS over all—as a Family Machine—on both sides of the Atlantic.
Those who want the best should obtain
WHEELER & WILSON'S
SILENT FEED
Family Sewing Machine,
AND TAKE NO OTHER.
Machines sold on Monthly Installments.
All kinds of Sewing Machine Supplies, Silk, Thread Needles, &c.
Machine Stitching in all its branches done in the best manner.
J. L. HAYDEN,
Gen'l Agent for Maine.
163 Middle St., Portland, Me.
Jun8d3m

181,260.
"THE SINGER"
IMPROVED
SEWING MACHINE.
The Sale of the Singer Sewing Machine for the year 1871 were
181,260.
EXCEEDING THOSE OF ALL OTHERS
52,000!
This report indicates how well the **Singer Sewing Machine** maintains it early and well earned popularity.
We invite all those that are about purchasing a Sewing Machine to call at
331 CONGRESS STREET,
Where we shall keep constantly on hand, a full assortment of these Machines in the various styles of finish.
Machines sold on Monthly Instalments.
☞ Machine Stitching and Stamping for Embroidery and Braiding done to order. All Machines sold and work done, warranted to give entire satisfaction.
N. B. Manufacturers are especially invited to call and examine our **"Medium Machine."**
WHEELOCK & SARGENT,
ap10 Sole Agents for Portland and Vicinity.

IMPROVED HOWE
and all other First Class
Sewing Machines
GOOD MACHINE THREAD 2 spools for 5c.
R. Warburton, 165 Middle Street.
jny2

WILSON SEWING MACHINES
GIVE the best satisfaction, and are sold from ten to thirty dollars less than any other first-class machines. AGENTS WANTED in various parts of New England for unoccupied territory, to whom very liberal inducements will be offered. Also a number of canvassers wanted in and about Portland.
R. J. BELLAMY & CO. Portland Office No. 179 Middle Street, over Marr Brothers.
fuy17d1m E. GOTT, Manager.

ELIAS HOWE
Sewing Machines
AND BUTTERICK'S
Patterns of Garments
PLUMMER & WILDER
173 Middle St., Up Stairs.
Jy1tf

$5000
Town of Deering Bonds!
FOR SALE AT
SECOND NATIONAL BANK
34 Exchange St.
ap25tf

PORTLAND
Safe Deposit Vaults,
No. 97 Exchange Street.
SAFES TO RENT inside the Vaults at from $15 to $60 per annum.
SPECIAL DEPOSITS of Stocks, Bonds, and other valuables received.
DEPOSITS of ANY ARTICLES of VALUE RECEIVED at rates varying according to the size of package and valuation.
COLLECTION and REMITTANCE of Interest and Dividends attended to.
Robert A. Bird, Manager
jul1 tf

$50 Reward.
THE above reward will be paid for the recovery of the liquors stolen from No. 6 Chestnut street, on MONDAY night, July 29th. Any one furnishing information in regard to said liquors will also be rewarded by the City Marshal, CHARLES CLARK, or S. D. MILLER, whose name is on the packages. The truckman will not be held responsible.
aug12dtf

Westbrook Manufacturing Com'y.
THE Annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Westbrook Manufacturing Company, for the choice of officers and the transaction of any other business that may legally come before them, will be held at their office, No. 16 Central Wharf, on TUESDAY, Aug. 27th, at 3 o'clock P. M.
RUFUS E. WOOD, Clerk.
Portland, Aug. 12, 1872. dtd

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Subscriber has been duly appointed and taken upon himself the trust of Administrator of the estate of RUFUS H. LUFKIN, late of Cumberland, in the county of Cumberland, deceased, and given bonds as the law directs. All persons having demands upon the estate of said deceased, are required to exhibit the same; and all persons indebted to said estate are called upon to make payment to
FRANK M. KNIGHT, Adm'r of Yarmouth.
Yarmouth, July 16, 1872. aug12-31

FOR SALE!
IN THE VICINITY OF BOSTON, A
GROCERY & PROVISION STORE,
WITH good will of trade, including Stock, Fixtures and Team, doing a business of $45,000 a year. Rent $400, with lease 2½ years. To any person meaning business, the above offers a splendid chance. For particulars apply to 861 WASHINGTON STREET, Boston, Mass. jy8dtf

TEN PER. CENT.
Registered Missouri Municipal Bonds.
SEMI-ANNUAL Coupons and principal, both payable in New York. Bonds issued strictly for Municipal purposes. Afirst class investment. For sale by CHARLES M. HAWKES,
July 13th, 1872 3w 28 Exchange St.

Notice.
THIS may certify that I have this day given my son, John E. Dunn, his time to trade and do business for himself, and that I shall not claim any of his earnings, nor pay any debts of his contracting, from and after this date.
Cumberland, July 27th, 1872.
Witness, D. W. TRUE. JOHN N. DUNN,
jy29-d3wlaw*

WANTS, LOST, FOUND.

WANTED
A PARTNER.
WITH $5000, in one of the best paying Manufacturing Businesses in the Union. A salary of $2000 will be allowed said Partner besides one half profits, to superintend the business. This is a rare chance to make a safe and permanent investment that will pay a profit of $4000 per annum to each partner. Said business can be in Portland or Boston, as may be preferred.
Apply personally for full particulars to Mr. C. R. B. for two days only at the Falmouth Hotel, Portland, Me., Thursday and Friday, Aug. 15th, and 16th, 1872; from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M.
ag13-3t*

Wanted Immediately
AT the Reform School a Competent Cook to whom good wages will be given.
aug14dtf Address Supt. Portland.

Carpenters Wanted.
FOUR CARPENTERS wanted to go to Aspinwall to work for the Panama Railroad Company. Apply at PORTLAND CO.'S OFFICE.
aug13d1w

Lost.
IF the person who found a Fishing Basket on the Cottage Road, Cape Elizabeth, will leave the same at this office, he shall be suitably rewarded.
aug13-3t

Wanted.
A FEW good ring spinners. Apply at H. K. DANA, Saccarappa. ag13-tf

For Sale or Rent.
HOUSE No. 143 Oxford St., supplied with Sebago water and Gas. Apply to B. STEVENS Jr., or J. K. Merrill, Smith's Pier Commercial St.
ag13-tf

Lost.
A LADY'S Brooch, oval shaped, with hair, in gold setting—a child's photographic picture in the back of same. The finder will be suitably rewarded on leaving the same at the Counting room of the Daily Press. ag12d3t

Welder Wanted.
A GOOD steady hand to weld shovels can obtain constant employment by applying to
EMERY, WATERHOUSE & CO.
aug 12-3t

Wanted.
A BENCH MOULDER, apply to
BOND & SMITH,
aug8-tf No. 200 Main street, Biddeford.

Vessels Wanted.
To load **Lumber** at Portland, Bangor, Machias, Calais, Montreal, and Southern Ports, for the **River Plate.**
Also, To load **Coal**, at Pictou, Lingan, and Port Caledonia for New York, Boston, the Sound ports, and St. John, N. B.
BIRD, PERKINS & JOB.
163 State St., Boston. 27 South St., New York.
jy29-3mos

Wanted.
AT the Female Orphan Asylum, a Protestant Woman, for general housework. Apply at the Asylum corner of State and Danforth Sts.
jy19-tf

Wanted Immediately.
A small house and barn with few acres of land, in the vicinity of Portland. Anyone having the above, and are desirous of selling can hear of a customer by giving full particulars, including price, by letter. Address MECHANIC, Colebrook, N. H.
jy31-2w*

WANTED
AT CLIFF COTTAGE, Cape Elizabeth, an experienced
Cook and Laundress,
To whom liberal wages will be paid.
Enquire at Press Office. je18tf

Wanted.
A GIRL to do general house-work; work light. Enquire at PRESS office or No. 9 Lowell St.
May 20-dtf

Vessels Wanted.
To freight Coal from New York and Philadelphia to Portland and other points east.
ROSS & STURDIVANT,
mar26thdtf 179 Commercial st.

SWEDISH HELP!
FAMILIES who desire to obtain Swedish female help for next fall will please apply in person, or by letter, to the subscriber, who leaves here for Sweden about the middle of August, and will return about the 1st of November. Orders received at office, 30 Hanover St., room No 6 Bosten.
CHARLES A. BERGLUND.

Samples of **China, Porcelain, etc.**, manufactured in Sweden, to be seen, and orders received at same office.
CHARLES A. BERGLUND.
ag3-d3t-w2t-32

ICE! ICE!
SEASON 1872.
Leavitt, Burnham & Co.,
Having secured their stock of
PURE ICE!
Are prepared to furnish
Families, Hotels, Stores and Vessels any quantity wanted
DAILY OR FOR THE SEASON.
AT LOWEST RATES.
☞ ORDERS SOLICITED.
Office, No. 14 Cross Street,
Or J. C. PROCTER, 93 Exchange St.,
PORTLAND, MAINE.
mr12distf

THE
Maine State Roofing Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CONGER'S
Fire-Proof Roofing!
Having rebuilt their Factory recently destroyed by fire, are prepared to fill orders on short notice.
The attention of the public is especially called to the "ROOFING SLATE" manufactured by them for steep roofs.
Office foot of Preble St., Portland.
July 23-d1m

Dissolution of Copartnership.
THE copartnership existing under the name of J. W. Stockwell & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
JOHN W. STOCKWELL,
FREDERICK A. STOCKWELL,
CALVIN STOCKWELL.
Portland, August 1st, 1872.

Copartnership Notice.
A copartnership is this day formed, under the firm name of
STOCKWELL, TRUE & COMPANY,
for the manufacture of Hydraulic Cement Drain and Sewer Pipe.
We are authorized to settle all existing accounts with the firm of J. W. Stockwell & Co.
JOHN W. STOCKWELL,
WILLIAM D. TRUE,
aug1dlm CALVIN STOCKWELL.

THE AMERICAN
Challenge Oil Blacking!
The Best Polish and Leather Preservative in the World.
Will Polish Over Oil or Grease of any Sort!
Will wear splendidly. Money refunded in all cases where the purchaser will say it is not the best blacking ever used.
☞ Orders at 41 Chestnut street.
MANUFACTURED BY
SAMUEL LEWIS,
July 23-d3w PORTLAND, ME.

D. W. CLARK
DEALER IN
ICE
A Full Supply Guaranteed the Entire Season at the Lowest Rates.
SEASON PRICE FOR 1872.
10 lbs. a day, from May 15th to Oct. 15th. $5
15 " " " " " 7 00
20 " " " " " 8
Ice will be delivered earlier than 15th May and later than 15th Oct., at the *same rate per month* as during the season. ap15 mch27
ICE HOUSE, MARKET STREET
AND
No. 32 Exchange Street,
PORTLAND, ME.
Rooms to Let.
THREE pleasant front rooms for lodging; furnished or unfurnished at 28 High st. jy29eod3w*

Driving Horse for Sale.
A SMALL Bay Mare, 5 years old; warrented kind and sound in every particular, handsome, a good traveller, and sold for no fault. Address immediately box 1707, Portland. ag14-3t

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Agency for Sewing Machines.
W. S. DYER, No. 272 Middle St. All kinds of Machines for sale and to let. Repairing.

Bakers.
W. C. COBB, No. 12 Pearl St.

Booksellers and Stationers.
HOYT, FOGG & BREED, No. 91 Middle Street.

Book Binders.
WM. A. QUINCY, Room 11, Printer's Exchange, No. 111 Exchange St.
SMALL & SHACKFORD, No. 35 Plum Street.

Bonnet and Hat Bleachery.
S SAWYER & CO., Bleachers, No. 131 Middle Street.

Carpenters and Builders.
WHITNEY & MEANS, Pearl Street, opposite Park.

Dentists.
DR. W. R. JOHNSON, over H. H. Hay's.

Dye-House.
F. SYMONDS, India St. Velvet Cloaks dyed and finished.
FOSTER'S Dye House, 24 Union Street.*

Furniture--Wholesale and Retail.
WALTER COREY & CO., Arcade, No. 18 Free Street.
GEORGE A. WHITNEY, No. 50 Exchange St. Upholstering of all kinds done to order.

Furniture and House Furnishing Goods.
BENJ. ADAMS, cor. Exchange and Federal Streets.
HOOPER & EATON, Old Post Office, Exchange Street.
L. F. HOYT, No. 11 Preble Street. Upholstering done to order.

Furniture and Upholstering.
DAVID W. DEANE, No. 89 Federal St. All kinds of Upholstering and Repairing to order.

Hair Goods and Toilet Articles.
J. F. SHERRY, No. 9 Clapp's Block' Congress Street, opposite Old City Hall.

Jewelry and Fine Watches.
ABNER LOWELL, 301 Congress Street. Agents for Howard Watch Company.

Manufacturers of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags.
DURAN & JOHNSON, 171 Middle and 116 Federal Streets.

Masons and Builders.
N. E. REDLON, 233 1-2 Congress St.

Organ and Melodeon Manufacturers.
SMALL & KNIGHT, No. 154 Exchange Street.

Paper Hangings, Window Shades, and Carpetlags.
LOTHROP, DEVENS & CO., 61 Exchange Sreet and 48 Market St.

Photographers.
A. S. DAVIS & CO., No. 80 Middle Street.
J. H. LARSON, 152 Middle St., cor. Cross.

Plumbers.
JAMES MILLER, No. 91 Federal Street. Every description of Water Fixtures arranged and set up in the best manner. Jobbing promptly attended to.

Plasterer, Stucco Worker, &c.
P. FEENY, Cor. Cumberland and Franklin Sts.

Real Estate Agents.
JOHN C. PROCTER, No. 93 Exchange Street.
GEO. R. DAVIS & Co., No. 301 1-2 Congress Street.

Silver Smith and Gold and Silver Plater.
M. PEARSON, No. 22 Temple St., near Congress. All kinds of Silver and Plated Ware Repaired.

Silver and Plated Ware.
ABNER LOWELL, 301 Congress Street.

Schools.
ENGLISH and FRENCH SCHOOL, 430 Congress Street.

Stair Builder.
R. F. LIBBY, 17 1-2 Union Street, up stairs.
G. L. HOOPER & CO., Successors to Littlefield & Wilson, Cor. York & Maple Streets.

Watches, Jewelry, &c.
J. AMBROSE MERRILL, No. 139 Middle Street.
J. W. & H. H. MCDUFFEE, Cor. Middle & Union Sts.

EDUCATIONAL.

Greely Institute,
At Cumberland Center.
THE Fall term of this institution will commence on the first Monday of September, with Mr. George M. Selders, as Principal and Miss. M. J. Blanchard, Assistant.
From the reputation of our teachers, we confidently expect that all who give it a fair trial will find it a first-class school.
For further information apply to
N. L. HUMPHREY,
or ASA GREELY, Trustees.
jy25-d2taw & w1m 30

GORHAM SEMINARY.

THE PRESS.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 15, 1872.

'General Grant never has been beaten, and he never will be."—*Horace Greeley.*

'Grant and his policy deserve the very ghest credit."—*Horace Greeley.*

'The people of the United States know General Grant—have known all about him since Donelson and Vicksburg; they do not know his slanderers, and do not care to know them."—*Horace Greeley.*

'The brain, the heart, the soul of the present Democratic party is the rebel element at the South, with its Northern allies and sympathizers. It is rebel at the core today....It would come into power with the hate, the chagrin, the wrath, the mortification of ten bitt r years to impel and guide its steps....Whatever chastisement may be deserved by ofir untional sins, we must hope this disgrace and humiliation will be spared to us."—[Horace Greeley.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR PRESIDENT,

ULYSSES S. GRANT.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT,

HENRY WILSON.

STATE NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR,

SIDNEY PERHAM.

FOR PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS:

At Large—*SAMUEL E. SPRING, of Portland.*
ALEXANDER CAMPBELL, of Cherryfield.
First District—*JAMES H. McMULLAN.*
Second District—*JOHN H. KIMBALL, of Bath.*
Third District—*JAMES ERSKINE, of Bristol.*
Fifth District—*WILLIAM McGILVERY.*

FOR REPRESENTATIVES TO CONGRESS.

First District—*JOHN H. BURLEIGH.*
Second District—*WILLIAM P. FRYE.*
Third District—*JAMES G. BLAINE.*
Fifth District—*EUGENE HALE.*

Republican Meetings.

HON. WM. P. FRYE of Lewiston, will speak in Franklin county as follows;

HON. JOHN A. BINGHAM and SPEAKER BLAINE will speak at Damariscotta Thursday, Aug 15th, at 2 P. M.

HON. HENRY WILSON, JUDGE BINGHAM, GEN. SWIFT, and others, will address a Grand Rally at Lewiston Friday, Aug. 16th.

"Now for Maine."

Maine is the only original, genuine and reliable "so goes the Union" State. In the late outburst of Democratic triumph over a supposed success in North Carolina that State was admitted to a sort of momentary association in this honor, and the Republicans were happy, as the event turned, to admit its validity. At other times Pennsylvania has been supposed to be a surer index of the direction of public opinion. But here in Maine, after all, has been the true battle-ground. Here in 1860 was won the victory that assured Lincoln's election and the first national ascendency of the progressive party. Here in 1864 was obtained the first sure promise that Lincoln should have a second term, and that the war should be prosecuted till the Union was restored. And hence in 1868 came the glad tidings that strengthened the hearts of loyal men everywhere, and made the election of Grant an easy achievement. And hence on the 9th of next month will go forth the news which will kindle the fires of patriotism in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana for their grand October illumination preparatory to the November conflict. Hence will come the news that will make Grant, like Lincoln, a second time President. For the backbone of the Greeley party in Maine is already broken! The Democracy have now played all their trumps, and all that they have gained is open to the inspection of the public. Of the prominent men in the State they have not gained *one* who will strengthen their hands, or whose loss will not be regarded as a relief by the Republicans. Indeed the Republican party has been trying for years to shake off the most conspicuous man in the lot because he was untrue to its principles and therefore unworthy of its honors. The mere publication of the names of the "Liberal" leaders of Maine is itself an argument sufficient to convince the honest men of the Republican rank and file of the utter futility of the claim that any reform whatever would or could be wrought by means of such unworthy instruments. Such a list of names, we verily believe—a list of so many persons of known dishonesty of public or private character, of tried incompetency or of notorious selfishness—was never beiore seen in Maine. What a huge joke it would be, were not the consequences likely to be so serious, if such men should carry the State by inducing the people to believe that *they* were statesmen and reformers! They are now endeavoring, in pursuance of their trade with the Democrats, to convince the Greeley Republicans that Charles P. Kimball, who a year ago, was the representative of the party which Horace Greeley said was "rebel to the core," and *who does not profess to have changed one of his opinions since*, is a better, man for Governor than Sidney Perham. They rally their followers, in pursuance of the same bargain, to the support of Marcellus Emery, whose ready pen was given wholly to the support of Davis and Lee, and to the slander of Lincoln and Grant, and who *has never recanted one syllable of the disloyal utterances of which he is the author.*

But these efforts are futile. The Greeley movement reached its culminating point several weeks ago, and anybody who travels through the State can see that the wave is receding. There are now more frequent reports of Greeley Republicans who have repented of their folly, and of Democrats who bolt the Baltimore nomination, than of deserters from the Republican party. We can assure our friends in other States that MAINE IS SURE TO GIVE A REPUBLICAN MAJORITY, THE SIZE OF WHICH WILL SURPRISE THEM!

The Great Pickwick.

The lateness of the hour at which we were able to get a revised copy of Mr. Greeley's remarkable speech renders comment thereon this morning impossible. Hereafter we propose to notice at length this very remarkable speech and Mr. Greeley's performance which has no parallel except in the character of Pickwick which has been so wonderfully delineated by Charles Dickens. The reception was a failure, if enthusiasm or numbers are taken into consideration. The travelling Presidential show moves on to Augusta today.

THE new firm of Marcellus Emery and F. A. Pike met with a very pretty little accident at the very beginning of their venture. The night the junior partner spoke at Machias he received a dispatch from his chief stating that the Democrats had carried North Carolina; whereupon Pike began to "crow like chanticleer," declaring with characteristic bluntness that "the man must be a fool who would now bet on Grant." O liberal Pike! After four years of mooning about and trying to find out on which side it is safe to bet, are you still as much as ever at fault? Do you still bet on the wrong horse, after forty-eight months of industrious jockeying? O single-hearted reformer! disinterested patriot!—you who can show bills that you introduced in Congress and, it is said, can produce an autograph letter from Gen. Schenck! —it is too bad for *you* to be thus floundering about in the murky bogs of doubt and uncertainty!

THE Philadelphia *Age* asserts that the Quakers are no longer for Grant.—*Bangor Commercial*

It must be an age of brass that so asserts. There are not ten Quakers in Maine who will vote for Greeley, and one of them has always been a Democrat, and another has only been retained in the society on sufferance, at the urgent solicitation of influential friends, to see if he couldn't be "reformed" and turned from the dissolute courses into which he had fallen. This gentlemen has now become a professional reformer. The Quakers are for Grant, because he is for peace. There is no natural affinity between the Friends and the Ku-klux.

THE Democrats are fishing hard for Judge Kelley of Pennsylvania, whom they have hitherto delighted to call "Pig-iron Kelley," and to denounce as the "leader of the corrupt and imbecile Congress that fastens on a free people the fetters of the iniquitous tariff." There is so far no evidence that the Judge gives any heed to the voice of the siren. But the transaction shows how much "principle" there is in the present Democratic filibustering movement.

WHY don't the Democrats bring back that blessed liberal and reformer, General Judson Kilpatrick to finish stumping the State and to tell all the people of Maine what he knows about purity and uprightness? His return was promised and Republicans are yearning for him. Are we doomed to disappointment? Perhaps the Maine climate is not wholesome for him but, if possible, bring him back.

Political Notes.

Private reports from the Greeley headquarters in New York are gloomy and despondent, and several aspiring politicians who have been seeking service in the liberal cause have returned from New York dissatisfied and disgusted with the management of affairs. They complain that system, vigor and efficiency are all wanting, and unless there is a speedy change at headquarters there will be little to save in the country.

Our Skowhegan correspondent says the list of Greeley Republicans is growing small. The majority at first being Democrats, or political "nothings." He says further that a reliable gentleman from Madison says there are but twelve Greeley Republicans where they claimed eighty and that he can name more than twelve Democrats who will vote for Grant and Wilson.

The Republicans of Denmark met on the 9th inst. for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Representative from the towns of Denmark, Hiram, Lovell and Sweden.—Lieutenant C. C. Pendexter was unanimously nominated.

John Brown, jr., only surviving son of old John Brown, writes that he supports Grant and the Republican party, and wonders how any one could suppose (as reported) that he was "in favor of placing in power that party which every friend of liberty and equal rights has found necessary to oppose with all his might these many years."

The Democrats and Liberal Republicans "of Oxford county met in separate conventions at South Paris, Tuesday, and agreed upon a coalition half and half county ticket, as follows: Senators, D. R. Hastings of Fryeburg and Timothy Walker of Rumford; Clerk of Courts, Charles F. Whitman of Buckfield; Registers of Deeds, A. Hayford of Canton and Wm. Gordon of Fryeburg; Register of Probate, S. R. Carter of Paris; Commissioner, Major Grover of Bethel; Sheriff, Seth T. Holbrook of Oxford; Treasurer, Henry Upton of Norway.

The Carleton Forgery.

To the Editor of the Press:

The Maine *Standard*, in its last week's issue, furnishes its leaders with a list of names who are claimed as "Liberal Republicans," and gives the names of *one hundred and one* Republican voters of this town who have embarked under the leadership and generalship of Mr. Jason M. Carleton, the "avenging sword" member of the last House of Representatives, and gone over to Greeley.

The true and real facts are these: Forty of the names are Democrats and *always* have been, 29 never signed the petition, nor authorized any one to place their names there; 18 signed supposing it to be a Republican convention, without intending to give expression favorable to Mr. Greeley; 14 signed with a knowledge of its character, but *seven* of the latter have repented, and are now in full accord with the Republican party.

The movement proves to be a serious damage to the "Liberal" cause in this vicinity, as much indignation is expressed at the prime mover, whose devotion to the Republican party lies only in his certain knowledge of failure to obtain a re-election to the next Legislature. You will hear a good report in September from WHITEFIELD.

August 12, 1872.

No Pledges?

Gen. Hodges, late of the Confederate army, and Greeley elector, says:

"The second passage in Mr. Greeley's letter means that John C. Breckenridge and other chivalrous sons of the South *shall be restored to their former positions of power and influence.* Looking back upon the once cherished and fruitless hopes of the South, I now see that the equal rights and sovereignty of States shall be restored, and my comrades of the lost cause have not died in vain. This will be a victory for that for which they fought. Mr. Greeley promised to do all he could to aid us when we get a majority in Congress. I object to Grant, because he is a Republican; because he is a member of that party which waged successfully the contest against my brethren of the South, whose orators kept the fires burning that filled the Federal ranks with soldiers. I have heard it said by some, that the Democratic party shal have no part with Mr. Greeley in the conquest; but I feel that they will not be neglected.

"NOT ONLY WILL GREELEY NOT FORGET WHO HAS HELPED HIM TO HIS POSITION, BUT PLEDGES—DIRECT PLEDGES—HAVE BEEN GIVEN US BY HIM THAT WE SHALL NOT BE FORGOTTEN IN CASE OF SUCCESS."

Mr. Greeley says these gentlemen asked no pledges. Did he volunteer them?

Beware.

Mr. Editor:—We have heard complaints without number, year after year, of Mr. Greeley's inconsistencies and crochets, both whimsical and serious, but never so much of his blundering self-contradiction, as we need to be assured of, just now, before it is too late, if it may be fairly demonstrated.

We all know this, that while he pretended to be, and probably was, under certain conditions, a friend of the black man and in favor of emancipation, he was for letting the slave holders "*go in peace*," well knowing that they would instantly crystalize into a slave-holding community, with power enough, unless we of the north interfered, to absorb the whole West India slave power and perpetuate their peculiar institution for ages, if not forever. This we *know*, and it will not be denied by Mr. Greeley himself.

But something more is wanted. We need to know what Mr. Greeley's notions are about secession, and this, if possible, from Mr. Greeley himself, leaving the rebel debt, compensation to the slave-holders, the pensioning of rebel soldiers and their families, or nurseries, and the repudiation of our national debt, for future consideration.

And here—just here—let us thank the "soldier" whose communication appears in this morning's PRESS, for the extracts he has made from Mr. Greeley's "American Conflict," a book of cumbrous pretensions which I never happened to meet with, although I have met with occasional paragraphs in the newspapers, which were said to be from that big book. The following passages I take from the "Soldiers'" communication:

"If your readers will turn to the 356th page of Greeley's "American Conflict," they will find these words: "*The asserted right of secession is one which no government or nation ever did or can concede without signing its own death warrant.*" Now turn to page 359—only three pages later—and you find these words: "*If any one see fit to meditate disunion let him do so unmolested,*"—and a few lines further on—"*If the Cotton States shall insist that they can do better out of the Union than in it, we insist on letting them go in peace.*"

What Mr. Greeley means here by "*meditate*" no mortal man could guess, for nobody thinks of questioning the right of any man to *meditate* what he please, unaccompanied by action. But if he meditates disunion—rebellion—by waging war on the government Mr. Greeley must mean if he means anything, to let him "go in peace"; and this he "*insists* upon."

But again, after a little time for consideration, he adds:

"*And whenever a considerable section of our Union shall deliberately resolve to go out, we shall resist all coercive measures designed to keep it.*"

A *considerable* portion! But what does Mr. Greeley mean by a *considerable* portion? Is it one State or two? or any other number? May not the State of New York or the city of New York be regarded as a "considerable portion? Mr. Fernando Wood and his fellow conspirators were of that opinion it would seem, in the midst of our death struggle. And if New York State or New York city be a considerable portion, why may not Delaware, Rhode Island or any other community or village deliberately resolve "*to go out*," knowing that Mr. Greeley—President Greeley, if you please—"will resist all coercive measures to keep them in"?

And now fellow-countrymen, please compare the first paragraph above quoted, with the others, one by one, and tell me if you can, which side Mr. Greeley is on and what you may reasonably expect the man to do if he should have the power.

But, perhaps you have not read his book. If so, and nothing is more probable, whether you are Democrat or Republican, Whig or Tory, Federalist or Jacobin, to say nothing of the "Liberal Republicans," who cannot possibly excuse themselves if they have not read the book, and still less if they had.

All which is respectfully submitted,

Aug. 13. JOHN NEAL.

Piscataquis Matters.

I have had occasion to visit most of the towns in this county within two weeks, and I assure you that most of the stories afloat about numerous conversions to the Greeley Democracy are without foundation in fact. I met Ike B. the other day and asked him if there were many changes in Maine? He replied "Yes, a *great many* Republicans have gone over to Greeley." I requested him to give me the names of some fifteen or twenty such persons, which he said he would do, and commenced: "There is Mr. S., and Mr. G." Yes, I know, but who else? I inquired. "Well," he replied, "I can't tell you, but J. B. C. can tell you all about them." Thus the whole affair about Greeley converts in Dover ends in smoke,—two sore heads, who had held office till the offices were abolished as unnecessary, constituting the whole rank and file of Liberalism in that town.

Several Parkman gentlemen whose names have been heralded abroad as Greeley men, are well known Grant Republicans. Several of the most respectable Democrats in town declare positively that they will never vote for Greeley. The state of affairs is very similar to the above throughout the country.

The hay crop is harvested, and despite the rainy weather is in good condition and a full crop. Corn and grain never promised better. Potatoes ditto. S.

The Fourth District Convention.

The Republicans of the Fourth District held their Convention at Bangor Wednesday.

Ninety-two towns were reported as represented by 321 delegates.

Gen. Samuel F. Hersey was nominated by a unanimous vote, receiving every ballot of the two hundred and sixty-five thrown. Previous to the balloting Hon. Josiah Crosby of Dexter, who was named as a candidate for the nomination, withdrew in favor of Gen. Hersey. Hon. Mordecai Mitchell of Dover, was nominated as candidate for Presidential Elector.

The Convention was addressed by Gen. Hersey, Hon, Hannibal Hamlin, Hon. Josiah Crosby and Hon. John H. Rice. Mr. Rice has been claimed a supporter of Greeley and Brown and was one of the Vice Presidents at the recent meeting of that party in Bangor. In his speech he came out squarely in favor of the Republican nominees.

The following are the resolutions adopted:

Resolved, That we hereby adopt and ratify the principles of the Republican party as laid down in the platform of the Philadelphia Convention and pledge our earnest efforts to their maintenance and fulfillment.

Resolved, That the gratitude of the American people which honored its true, tried and patriotic soldier with the highest office in their gift believing he would have no policy of his own to enforce against the will of the people to-day is due to that same great leader and we will manifest it at the polls of Maine in September with increased majorities for all Republican candidates.

Resolved, That in the nomination of Hon. Samuel F. Hersey as our candidate for Representative to Congress we present to the suffrages of the 4th Congressional District, a Republican of sterling integrity and tried statesmanship in whom we have the fullest confidence and who has proved his fidelity to all the great principles of Republicanism by consistent devotion to the same.

Martha's Grove Camp Meeting,

FIRST DAY.

Martha's Grove presented rather an uninviting appearance Tuesday evening. The rain had everything its own way; the sky was dark; the ground was drenched; while every spear of grass, and every bow bent under its burden of water. The few lights that struggled here and there ineffectually with the darkness, had a sleepy look. Every object wore the most sombre aspect, that rain and darkness could give it. But it takes a great deal of water to quench the fire in a genuine Methodist's heart, and a great deal of discouragement to prevent him from shouting glory to God! when he is at camp meeting. In the light of the enthusiasm already manifested, I venture to prophesy, that if the Devil is anywhere in this region, these good Methodist people will make it warm for him before the present week is gone.

Prevented from holding a meeting in the open air, the brethren and sisters assembled in private tents, where they passed the time in hymns and supplications. As I stood near one of the larger tents, the voice of prayer fell distinctly upon my ear. Gradually the supplicants' tones increased in volume, and in pitch. Soon began an irregular fire of amens and hallelujahs. The brother became excited; higher and louder grew his shouts; and as for the responses, it seemed as if all the amens and hallelujahs of several generations had assembled in that tent, and were running riot. The effect on the mind of a listener, was, of course heightened by contrast with the gloomy quiet without.

SECOND DAY.

The rain that poured down so copiously but a a few hours ago, was kind enough not to drown anybody. There are, however, all around us, evidences of what it has done. Beds, which must have been uncomfortably damp last night are hanging on the fences, that the sun and wind may dry them. There was no service at the stand this forenoon, I suppose on account of the condition of the seats. A prayer meeting was held in the Chestnut street tent. It was conducted by Rev. Mr. Sanderson. It was well attended and interesting.

One o'clock.—As I sit within a stone's throw of the Grove, the mingled din of singing, praying and responding, supplemented by the clatter of dinner dishes, not yet washed, the occasional cry of a baby and the sound of busy hammerers among the cottages, falls upon my ear. On all sides the utmost activity prevails. The Methodists have come here with a definite purpose, and their earnestness shows that they mean business.

The regular afternoon service opened at two o'clock. Rev. Mr. Mitchell of Keazer Falls, preached to an audience of three or four hundred. The preacher showed, with admirable clearness, how indifferent and insensible to their condition unregenerated persons are, and how ample are the provisions that have been made for them. He was followed by other speakers. Between fifty and sixty tents have been raised.

STATE NEWS.

ANDROSCOGGIN COUNTY.

The *Journal* says that C. B. Stetson, esq., of Lewiston, has formed a business connection with James R. Osgood & Co., publishers, Boston, who are about entering on the publication of an art series of books, suited to use in the common schools. The firm will shortly issue a book of which Mr. Stetson is the author, on "Industrial Drawing; Free Hand, for Beginners."

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

William Dickey and 100 others have petitioned the County Commissioners to locate a road from New Sweden to Fort Kent, which, if granted will shorten the distance between Caribou and Fort Kent seventeen miles.

Hiram Berry of Houlton, fell from the staging of a house upon which he was at work at Island Falls, last Friday, dislocating his collar bone.

Houlton was visited by a severe hail storm last week, which did much damage to crops.

The *Pioneer* says a woman in a neighboring town noted for her "jawing" propensities, dislocated her jaw-bone recently, while making a violent attack upon her husband. She could neither speak nor shut her mouth, but remained with her tongue hanging out and her eyes nearly starting from their sockets, till the arrival of the surgeon, who came, the husband thought, sooner than was necessary.

HANCOCK COUNTY.

The Emersons have been camping on the shore of Alamoosook Pond in Orland.

Castine is becoming popular as a summer resort. The steamer Lewiston landed over fifty passengers there last Saturday.

KENNEBEC COUNTY.

Seth Williams Post No. 13, G. A. R., Department of Maine, Augusta, elected the following board of officers Monday evening: J. D. Myrick, Commander; William B. Lapham, S. V. Commander; Charles E. Nash, J. V. Commander; Thomas S. Hutchins, Adjutant; George E. Nason, Chaplain; R. Y. Crockett, Quartermaster; L. B. Hill, Officer of the Day. The installation will soon take place.

The Sunday Schools of Pittsfield and Burnham, to the number of four or five hundred, made an excursion to Augusta Tuesday.

KNOX COUNTY.

The firemen of Rockland propose inviting all their brethren in Maine to a grand State Firemen's Muster, to be held in that city on the 19th of September next.

PENOBSCOT COUNTY.

The restaurant at the Maine Central depot in Bangor has been increased to double its former size, and will, when the internal arrangements are completed, accommodate one hundred persons.

A man named Gurther, and his son, attacked a neighbor by the name of Doyle in Brewer, Sunday evening, and after a serious fight the combatants were separated by the woman of the house.

WASHINGTON COUNTY.

The Directors of the Shore Line Railway have elected James Walker Moore of Cherryfield, President; Ignatius Sargent, esq., of Machias, Clerk; and James H. Chamberlain, esq., of Ellsworth, Treasurer. The Directors propose to proceed at once with the work of raising money to build the road.

Mr. John H. Crandon, at Columbia Falls is building a brig of about 550 tons, o. m., to be off the last of September. Capt. A. Rumble, late of the brig Dirigo, a part owner, is to command.

The Calais *Times* says that the house of Mr. Amos Clark of Milltown, was burned Tuesday evening of last week. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendary.

Review of Portland Markets.

WEEK ENDING Aug. 14, 1872.

The markets have been very quiet during the week. with but light transactions. There is a little more stringency in the money market. Gold was very steady at 115¼@115½, until Tuesday when it dropped to 114¾. Wednesday, 14th, it sold at 114⅝@114¾.

Apples are coming in freely, and some good fruit too, at $2 50@4 50 ℔ bbl. Beans are firm. Butter is quiet. Cheese is unchanged. Nothing doing in Coopcrage. In Drugs & Dyes, camphor is lower. Dry goods are without change though cottons are shaky, Fish are the same as last week, light receipts and a good demand. Flour is firmer, as there is a scarcity of old in the market, and new coming along slowly—there being a difference of opinion in the price of new wheat between the grain-growers and the millers. Fruit is plenty. Layer raisins are lower and Muscatels are a little higher. Lemons are selling at $9@10 ℔ bbl; peaches at $3@4 ℔ crate; Belle pears $7@8 ℔ bbl; water melons $2@3 ℔ hundred. Grain is firmer than it was last week. Hay is unchanged. Iron is very firm with an advance on Swedish and Norway. Lard is quiet. Lumber is unchanged. Molasses is dull. Tar is a little higher. Portland Kerosenes are down to 26c@31. Produce is quiet; the only change is in potatoes which are selling at 50c@60 ℔ bushel. Clear pork is a little higher. Salt is without change. Sugar is quiet and steady at last week's prices. Tins are firm. Wool is not quite so active as it was last week, but there is no change in prices.

FREIGHTS—There is put little offering foreign, and there is quite a difference in the views of shippers and masters. Coastwise freights are not so active there being plenty of tonnage. Lumber freights to New York $3. Vessels are wanted on the Kennebec to take lumber to New York and $4 is offered. The lumber rates from Bangor are as follows: To Boston $3; Sound Ports, $4; New York, $4.25; Philadelphia $4.00@4.25.

MARRIED.

In Lewiston, Aug. 8, William Lovejoy and Laura A. Sleeper.

In Bangor, July 24, Rev. J. B. Thornton, Jr., of Oak Hill, Scarboro, and Clara J. Small, of St. John.

In Baldwin, Aug. 4, Chas. H. Thorn, of B., and Carrie B. Osgood, of Kennebunkport.

In Limerick, July 24, Dr. H. S. Hill, of Dyersville, and Hattie C. Chick, of L.

DIED.

In this city, Aug. 14, of consumption. Lawson Melen Marble.

[Funeral services on Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, at No. 58 Brackett street.

In Auburn, Aug. 9, Capt. Almon C. Pray, aged 46 years.

In Minot, Aug. 9, Mr. Albinas Perry, aged 45 years

In Newton, Aug. 13, Capt. Wm. H. Sweetser, aged 64 years 8 months,—formerly of Portland.

[Funeral services Thursday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, at the Baptist Church in Newton.

Miniature Almanac.....August 15.

Sun rises	5.07	Moon sets	12.45 PM
Sun sets	7.00	High water	7.45 AM

MARINE NEWS.

PORT OF PORTLAND.

Wednesday, Aug. 14.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Franconia, Bragg, New York—passengers and mdse to Henry Fox.

Steamer New York, Winchester, Boston for Eastport and St John, NB.

Sch Palos, Shackford, Baltimore—Cumberland coal to Jos H Poor & Bro.

Sch Ethan Allen, Blake, Philadelphia—coal to Jas H Baker.

Sch Utica, Thorndike, Rockland—lime to C A B Morse & Co.

Sch Fleetwing, Starling, Monhegan.

Sch Jane Mary, Pierce, Bristol,

CLEARED.

Brig D W Hennessey, (Br) Hennessey, Halifax—Bunker Bros.

Sch C F Young, Richardson, Philadelphia—Bunker Bros.

Sch Gem, Kendall, New York—Bunker Bros.

Sch Intrepid, Littlejohn, Boston—Bunker Bros.

[FROM MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE.]

Sld fm Trinidad 31st ult, brigs Winfield, Miller, for Falmouth, E; Minnie Miller, Leland, New York.

Ar at New York 13th, brig Guiding Star, Freethy, Vera Cruz.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO—Ar 4th, ship Elizabeth Kimball, Kellar, Port Gamble.

Ar 13th inst, ship Sacramento, Tisdale, New York, 195 days.

Sld 4th inst, brig Lucy Ann, Reed, Humboldt.

PASS CAVALLO—Sld 30th, sch Ida Lewis, Pennington, New York.

NEW ORLEANS—Cld 8th, barque Neversink, Gibson, New York.

Cld 9th, barque Hester A Blanchard, Hardy, Cork.

SAVANNAH—Ar 9th, brig Geo S Berry, Bradley, Boston.

BRUNSWICK, GA—Ar 8th, brig Navasota, Slater, New York; schs Sabao, Dyer, do; Jennie F Willey, Willey, Fall River.

DARIEN—Cld 7th, brig Emma L Hall, Fowler, Philadelphia.

WILMINGTON—Ar 10th inst, sch Seguin, Rogers, Portland, (was detained five days in a SE gale North of Hatteras.)

Cld 10th, brig Isola, Snowman, Boston.

WILMINGTON—Cld 9th, sch John A Griffin, Foster, New York.

ALEXANDRIA—Sld 10th, brig Wm H Bickmore, Bickmore, Boston.

BALTIMORE—Ar 12th, schs Emeline McLain, Crowell, Richmond, Me; Zenas Snow, Richardson, Bangor; Nellie Chase, Dalling, Fernandina.

Cld 12th, barques Wild Gazelle, Mitchell, Paysandu, and sailed) schs Clara Smith, Keen, Boston; Annie Harris, Harris, do.

PHILADELPHIA—Ar 12th, sch Alice B Gardiner, Turner, Jacksonville; John H Atwood, Crowell, from Kennebec River.

At Delaware Breakwater 13th inst, barque Sarah B Hale, from Sagua, wtg orders.

NEW YORK—Ar 12th, brig Mary J Wilbur, Mundy, Havana; schs Chas H Northam, Hubbard, Portland; John Wright, Older, Portland for Perth Amboy.

Cld 12th, schs Sammy Ford, Allen, Ellsworth; Geo A Pierce, Kelley, Salem.

Cld 13th, barque M W Brett, Davis, for Montreal; brigs Five Brothers, Randall, Nantes; Suwannee, Sawyer, Fernandina; Edith, Drisko, Boston.

Sld 12th, barque Ellen Dyer, for Cronstadt; brig Atalaya, for Galveston.

Passed through Hell Gate 12th, schs Col Eddy, McBean, Port Johnson for Boston; Elvira, Bancroft, So Amboy for do; Alpha, Sanborn, Port Johnson for do; R W Brown, Weeks, Hoboken for Providence.

BRIDGEPORT—Ar 12th, sch Mary Tice, Dunham, Elizabethport.

PAWTUCKET—Ar 13th, sch Dexalo, Leland, from Bangor.

Sld 13th, sch R Leach, Pendleton, New York.

PROVIDENCE—Ar 12th, sch Dexalo, Leland, from Bangor.

Sld 12th, sch Challenge, Bennett, New York.

Sld 13th, schs H P Cushing, Mann, New York; E C Gates, Freeman, New York.

WARREN, RI—Ar 12th, sch J Tinker, Lopaus, Calais.

NEWPORT—Sld 12th, schs Dolly Varden, Allen, Providence for Jacksonville; Nellie Carr, Blanchard, Fall River for do.

Ar 12th, sch Harry Percy, Percy, Augusta.

VINEYARD-HAVEN—Ar 12th, schs P L Smith, Upton, and Oraloo, Small, fm New York for Boston; Lucy Hammond, Bagley, and Saml Hart, Holbrook, Hoboken for do; Raven, Pendleton, do for Belfast; Com Kearney, Metcalf, do for Newburyport; Tantamount, Saunders, Port Johnson for Charlestown; F J Cummings, Harmon, Calais for Providence; Irene, Lindsey, Shulee, NS, for New York.

BOSTON—Ar 13th, brig Whitaker, Cotton, Elizabethport; schs Josephine, Leighton, do; Ossian E Dodge, Hinckley, Bath.

Cld 13th, sch Carrie Miles, Rich, Portland, to load for Washington.

Ar 14th, barques Orchilla, Havener, fm Pensacola; Daring, McDonald, Baltimore; brig Mariposa, Staples, Arecibo.

Cld 14th, schs Ella Clifton, (Br) Hunt, Portland; J Paine, Stevens, Hallowell; Margaret, Clark, Gardiner; Winslow, Kent, Bangor; David Wasson, Jones, Bangor.

CALAIS—Cld 10th, sch Kate Grant, Grant, New Haven; J F Carver, Norwood, Fall River.

LUBEC—Ar 6th, sch Addie Ryerson, Pike, New York.

Cld 6th, sch Gazelle, Gardiner, Portland.

Ar 10th, sch Virginia, Small, New York.

Sld 10th, schs Alcyone, Davis, for Hantsport, NS; Jeddie, Turner, Hillsboro.

MACHIAS—Ar 9th, sch Ximena, Ingalls, N York; Crusoe, Robinson, Boston.

Sld 8th, sch Ada Barker, Sawyer, Cuba; Harriet Newell, Gould, New York.

FOREIGN PORTS.

At Bombay 5th ult, ship Nonantum, Pratt, for Calcutta.

Sld fm Calcutta June 14, ship Twilight, Gates, for Boston.

Cld at Liverpool 31st ult, ship Reunion, Curtis, for New Orleans.

Sld fm Liverpool 31st ult, ship Mary Warren, Lowe, Ardrossan.

Ar in Kingroad 1st inst, ship Vanguard, Nichols, Cronstadt.

Sld fm Newport 31st, barque Patmos, Nichols, for New York.

Ar at Cardiff 30th ult, barque G P Sherwood, Newcomb, Halifax.

Sld fm Greenock 30th ult, ship Hope, Frazer, for Quebec.

Sld fm Queenstown 31st ult, ship Missouri, Bursley, Greenock.

Sld fm Archangel 19th ult, barque Cordelia, Wells, London.

Off Dungeness 30th, Victoria Cross, Dover, from Middlesboro for Portland, Me.

Sld fm Penarth Roads 1st inst, ship Warrior, Lunt, Liverpool.

Ar at Baracoa 1st inst, sch S E Fabens, Crocker, New York.

Sld fm Trinidad 31st, brig Winfield, Miller, for Falmouth.

Cld at Calbarien 30th ult, barques Iron Age, Crabtree, Queenstown; 31st, Enterprise, Pray, do.

Sld fm Havana 5th, brig M A Herrera, French, for Sagua and New York.

Sld fm Matanzas 5th, brig Jas Miller, Thombs, for New Orleans; sch Hattie Ross, Ulrick, Philadelphia.

Sld fm Cardenas 2d inst, brigs Jas Crosby, Perkins, Savannah; sch Five Sisters, Hooper, North of Hatteras; 3d, brig John Wesley, Ford, do.

Ar at Halifax 10th inst, brig J Polledo, Dyer, from Philadelphia.

[Latest by European steamers.]

Cld at Liverpool 2d inst, Castine, Wilson, Calcutta; Enoch Talbot, Talbot, Havana.

Passed the Lizard 1st, Star, Vianello, Hamburg for Cardiff.

Ar at Cardiff 1st, Caroline Lemont, Bowker, New Ross for New Orleans.

Ar at Cadiz 28th ult, American Lloyds, Park, New York; 29th, Carrie E Long, Park, do.

Ar in the Texel 31st ult, Alice Buck, Snow, from Calcutta.

In Elsinore Sound 31st ult, Lizzie H Jackson, Marwick, from Cronstadt for Boston.

SPOKEN.

July 26, lat 40 24, lon 39 27, brig Kossack, from New York for Cadiz.

July 31, off Ballycotton, barque Mary E Libby, from Matanzas for the Clyde.

Aug 10, off Barnegat, barque Daring, from Baltimore for Portland.

Travelers' Testimony.

Thousands of travelers by land and sea have vouched for the efficacy of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters as a preventive of the physical disturbances which ordinarily arise from change of climate and the changes of diet, water, &c., incident to a wandering life. Upon systems toned, invigorated and regulated by this genial vegetable antidote the external causes of debility and disease seem to produce little or no effect. Forearmed with Hostetter's Bitters the voyager may bid defiance to seasickness and encounter the chilling fogs of the British Isles, the coast winds of the Antilles, the icy temperature of Northern Alaska, or the burning heat of the tropics with equal impunity. The effect of this admirable medicated stimulant is greatly to increase the vital energy of the system, thereby enabling it to resist and repel the exciting causes of disease.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

READ THIS.

Nothing has ever been prepared equal to the foregoing for

Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Diarrhœa, &c.

The BEST ARTICLE ever offered to the public for the certain cure of the above disease, is

MASON'S CHOLERA MIXTURE.

You need not suffer ten minutes. Price 50 cents. Prepared and sold only by EDWARD MASON, Apothecary, Middle street, Portland. au7sntf

On Marriage.

Happy Relief for Young Men from the effects of errors and abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Nervous debility cured. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars free, in sealed envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. mch16dsn3m

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STRANGERS

PASSING THROUGH THE CITY

On their Summer tours, can find a good assortment of

FISHING TACKLE,

And SPORTING GOODS,

At 48 Exchange St.

y11tf.thas G. L. BAILEY.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for Liver Complaint.

Liver Complaint, Jaundice and all bilious disorders arise from torpidity of the liver, causing a flow of unhealthy bile; inflammation of that organ producing an overflow into the stomach and intestines, or from a derangement of the digestive organ with which the liver is so closely connected. Unhealthy bile in the gall bladder and the liver, still laboring, crowding this unhealthy matter into the blood, and which it then circulates over the body, causing a sallow tinge and torpor of the whole system. Either of the above described derangements of the functions of the liver produces numberless trains of disease, the whites of the eyes yellow, the tongue coated with a feverish white or brown tinge. Where the liver is disordered, digestion is unhealthy, sometimes a fair appetite and sometimes none at all; the patient will suffer from costiveness or diarrhea, or sometimes both; a general drowsy and melancholy feeling, often watchful and sleepless, great weariness; fantings are often felt. The stomach laboring to digest food, often creates a palpitation of the heart, and is frequently mistaken for heart disease. Frequently the skin breaks out in biles and sores, or marked symtoms of erysipelas, with great itching and insufferable restlessness. The irritation from scorged bile in the blood often produces an irritation of the mucus membrane of the bronchial tubes, and from a slight cold severe cough follows, with a dry, ropy expectoration; often nausea and vomiting. This unhealthy bile mixed with the blood passes into the kidneys, produces pain in the urinary passages, sometimes pain in the back and darting pains through the shoulder blade, and frequently all through the body; a soreness is frequently felt about the region of the liver, across the stomach and spine. Many dangerous complaints have their origin in a derangement of the liver and stomach. Two-thirds of the cases of Consumption originate from liver complaint, intermittent, remittent and bilious fevers, bilious colic, costiveness, diarrhea, chills and fever, &c. Frequently one box of Schenck's Mandrake Pills will remove all those diseases; they have an effect on the liver similar to mercury. By taking a dose, according to the directions, and then one Pill a night, for a week or ten days, they will regulate the liver and throw off all impurities and soon perform its natural functions without the use of large doses of purgative medicine. In the spring of the year these bilious disorders most commonly commence, and a box of these Pills may prevent a continuous disease for the whole season. They are warranted not to contain a particle of calomel or mercury, in any shape, and are perfectly harmless.

My Pulmonic Syrup has been before the public many years, and has raised hundreds from their death-beds. Since the invention of the Mandrake Pills I can succeed in many cases where I could not before. The stomach and liver are often so inactive the Syrup cannot digest, and one Mandrake Pill, at night, although the patient will think they were having no effect, will soon regulate the stomach

THE PRESS.

THURSDAY MORNING, AUG. 15, 1872.

CITY AND VICINITY.

THE PRESS

May be obtained at the Periodical Depots of Fessenden Bros., Marquis, Robinson, Brannell & Co., Andrews, Wentworth, Glendenning, Moses, Henderson, and Chisholm Bros., on all trains that run out of the city.
At Biddeford, of Pillsbury.
At Saco of L. Hodgdon.
At Waterville, of J. S. Carter.
At Gorham, of News Agent.
At Bath, of J. O. Shaw.
At Lewiston, of W. F. Stanwood.

New Advertisements To-Day.

ENTERTAINMENT COLUMN.
Music Hall—Humpty Dumpty.
Forest City Park—John S. Heald.

NEW ADVERTISEMENT COLUMN.
Wanted—B. P. Cunningham & Co.
The Secret Medical Counsellor.
Wanted—Geo F. Lewis.
To Let—25 Newbury st.
For Sale—Geo. W. H. Brooks.
For Sale—Thos Laughlin & Son.
For Philadelphia—J. Nickerson.
For Sale—Edward Nixon.

Rally Once More.

HON. MARK H. DUNNELL

OF MINNESOTA,

Will address the

CITIZENS OF PORTLAND,

IN

CITY HALL,

On Friday Ev'ng, Aug. 16,

AT 8 O'CLOCK,

☞ HON. T. C. HERSEY will preside.

MUSIC BY PORTLAND BAND.

Galleries reserved for Ladies.

Brief Jottings.

Judge Clifford and wife are traveling in East ern Maine and the Provinces.

The Portland bridge is again passable.

Ex-Mayor Putnam, of Portland, welcomed Horace Greeley, at the Glen House, on Tuesday night, in a speech.

Gov. Perham will be present at the G. A. R. Re-union in this city on the 20th and 21st ints., also Brunswick Post with thirty men.

The members of the 17th Maine regiment will remember that the steamer for the islands will leave Custom House Wharf for the Islands at 8½ o'clock. The Light Guards will celebrate their anniversary by a clam bake.

Capt. Wm. H. Sweetsir, an old Portland ship-master, died in Newton Tuesday, aged nearly 65 years.

A moonlight excursion under the auspices of Arcana Lodge of Good Templars will take place to-night. Steamer Charles Houghton will leave Franklin wharf at 7½ o'clock.

The Street Commissioner is making a handsome job in grading and paving Market street.

REPUBLICAN MEETING!

Speeches by Gov. Noyes of Ohio, and Gov. Austin of Michigan

LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC MEETING.

Despite the storm last night, City Hall was well filled with an appreciative audience, to listen to Gov. Noyes, and Gov. Austin.

Gov. Noyes came on the platform, followed by about fifty soldiers of the late war, whom he claims as comrades, and most justly claims too, for the now governor of that finest of our States, was a gallant soldier, losing a leg in one of the battles.

Gen. Frank Fessenden in introducing the speaker, made a brief but effective speech, grasping the issues in the present contest in a forcible manner.

On being introduced, Gen. Noyes was received with prolonged applause. He said he had been told that the Republican party was dead, but if what he had seen of it the past ten days, was an evidence of its death, it was a lively corpse. He briefly alluded to the past and its parties—that there had been two distinct and antagonistic parties; but now all this was changed. The historic Democratic party which once had wise statesmen, and in in its earlier days made a glorious record, had, in later years become debauched, until now wearied with its long struggles and] misery, ended its wretchedness by its own hands. Its leaders had accepted the Cincinnati Platform, in direct opposition to all of its teachings for twenty years. He did not believe that this miraculous change could be possible. It was a humbug. The Democratic corpse is to be galvanized into life by the Liberal batteries. They only bide time. The Democratic leaders only put in an appearance of swallowing all of the part. Who believes that they are honest in this delusion? They want the loaves and fishes. With the name of reform on their banners they hope to win. There is no delusion. It is the old night. And this new coalition is but a bargain.

He next alluded to the elements of the opposition to Gen. Grant, aside from the Democratic party; first the men who went out of office with Johnson; second, a few men who did not get what they wanted by the election of Grant; and lastly, a few great men—solemn parties—who, believed in the creation of the world, they should have been consulted by the Almighty about the spheres.

Gen. Noyes next briefly sketched the origin and work of the Republican party, and then proceeded to notice the work of Gen. Grant. He asked candid men if Gen. Grant, as President, had neglected any duty, and then proceeded to notice the achievements of the administration, first stating that Andrew Johnson, aided by the Democratic party was responsible for all the disorders that existed when President Grant went into office.

First, When Gen. Grant was inaugurated the South was filled with turbulent and violent communities. Gen. Forrest said that at that time there were 500,000 armed and drilled men throughout the South who carried terror to hundreds of defenseless homes. He paid a warm eulogy to the colored people of the South during the war and said if any people had the right to full protection at the hands of the government, this people had. To protect them, Congress passed a law for the suppression of these outrages against the lives and property of the defenseless people. He had no apology to make for the Ku-Klux act. God grant that we may never see the day when our government cannot protect its citizens in the rights of life and liberty. Yet the Liberal Democracy howled against this law and its enforcement as tyranny and usurpation, but they have not a word to say against the Ku-Klux. They rather apologized for them.

Second. When President Grant came into office the question of the Alabama claims had long been a bone of contention between the two nations. Bitterness had gone out of it. Treaties had failed. It was his purpose to settle the question. In the course of time a commission was agreed upon and the result was the treaty of Washington. Both sides made their cases. The Democracy in the meantime, as during the war, placed party higher than country, and by their press and influence did all that was possible against it. The matter of indirect claims, and every possible thing was assailed to shake the confidence of the people in the negotiations. The Tribunal has met. Indirect claims have been rejected, but a great principle for the future has been established. It was glory enough for one administration to have shown the world that a troublesome question of so great import could be settled without war—without pouring out millions of treasure, burning towns and drenching two countries with blood.

Third. The Indian policy of the administration commends itself to the civilized world. To a greater extent than could be expected it is being successful. The present policy costs the nation four and a half millions while the old policy of murder and violence, now that the government is brought in contact with so many more Indians, would cost vastly more.

Fourth. The financial policy of the administration commends itself to the country. When President Grant was inaugurated the Democratic party said the national debt could not be paid. There were various schemes of repudiation advocated by them; yet to August first, $337,404,000 of the public debt had been paid, diminishing the annual interest $22,610,000. The public tax had in the meantime been reduced $130,000,000 a year. As compared with three years of Johnson's administration, on six articles, spirits, tobacco, etc., Grant's officers collected $108,000,000 more than the former. He thought the cry of thieves was false in view of these facts. Would it be better with the Democratic leaders, led by Mr. Greeley's Tammany friends who stole $70,000,000 from a single city? Wouldn't they be a lively set in the treasury? They know the tools. He did not accuse Mr. Greeley of dishonesty, but he had a dishonest crew around him. This he illustrated by an anecdote of an interview between Judge Mathews and a man representing that he was an employee of the *Tribune* office, balmy enough to talk well. "Well, Judge," said he, "how do the boys take Uncle Horace. He is a square toed citizen." Judge M. remarked that he was surrounded by bad influences. Mr. Cook remarked again: "Horace is a square toed man, but after a little pause said, "Judge, it is a fact that Mr. Greeley hasn't an intimate friend in the world who isn't a d—d scamp." Are those fellows who bought seventeen miles of chairs, and carpets that would extend in a single bredth from New York to New Haven, for one building, and spent a million a half to repair a building that was not completed, just the ones to have a chance to the office?

Gen. Noyes next proceeded to notice the disturbance that the possible success of Mr. Greeley had brought to the country. He referred to a railroad company that bargained for iron in England, paying part in bonds—how the parties abroad threw up their contract and paid the forfeit money, saying they were afraid of this new movement. Grant they knew—his administration had brought confidence to American credit, but this man who is the candidate of the party that advocated repudiation they feared. We have large amounts of lands in Europe. Our railroads, mining companies, every large enterprise seek that market for its bonds. Any movement that disturbs the present confidence, any change will paralyze these enterprises and send our national securities from par down, down, and at length home.

Gen. Noyes said he admitted that the President had blundered, but he has ever honestly labored for the highest good of the whole country. He next noticed the charges against the President and against the cabinet officers—showed how unpatriotic were the efforts of Senators Schurz and Sumner to embroil us with Germany on the French arms sales, and how miserably they had failed either to attach corrupt acts to the officers of the government or to stir up strife with a foreign country.

He next addressed himself to his Democratic friends, and asked why they should prefer Greeley to Grant. Gen. Grant, said he, at the close of the war was most generous to your Democratic brethren in the South, and when Johnson was about to punish Gen. Lee he resolutely interfered in the behalf of him and his comrades. He next asked the Liberals what they expected. Mr. Greeley said he should give the offices to his supporters and if this was the case there would be little for them. The Liberal tail could not waggle the Democratic dog.

Gen. Noyes then read with great effect a few of Mr. Greeley's choicest sayings, respecting the Democratic party, convulsing the audience with roars of laughter and closed by saying this proposition was true: Either the Democrats admitted that they were the off-scourings of creation or he (Mr. G.) was a terrible liar. A year ago in Ohio, when Mr. Greeley was making an agricultural tour, he said it had been intimated to him that he was the fittest man to be the Democratic candidate. He then scouted the idea as impossible as he was the most hated foe of that party. He had changed and the Democratic leaders accepted him to get into power.

He next spoke of B. Gratz Brown as a man having all of Andrew Johnson's vices without his brains—a base, unprincipled intriguing politician with vicious habits. Can the country contemplate the possibility of the success of this man in the event of Mr. Greeley's death? He next paid a glowing eulogy to Senator Wilson, as the contrast of Brown.

Gen. Noyes concluded his speech with an eloquent appeal for Maine to do her duty in September. A good rousing majority then settles the question.

It was generally admitted that Gen. Noyes' speech was one of the ablest and most effective that has been delivered in Portland for years. He is a splendid specimen of the vigorous men of brains of the West brought to the front in early life by the war.

In every respect the meeting was a success.

Horace Greeley in Portland.

A Gushing Candidate for President.

An Ingeniously Indefinite Declaration of His Policy—He Feels Certain of His Election.

The leaders of the Democratic party in Portland have been looking forward for some days to the expected honor of welcoming to this city Hon. Horace Greeley, and quite elaborate preparations had been made for his reception, in the way of the formation of Committees, the hiring of bands, purchase of gunpowder, &c. &c. The readers of newspapers are aware that he has been making a tour of New Hampshire, visiting his relatives and former companions. He remained on Tuesday night at the Alpine House, and left that place for Portland by the Grand Trunk road, accompanied by several gentlemen, most of whom were attaches of the New York press, detailed to observe and chronicle the slightest movement of the distinguished man. The train chanced to be on time yesterday and the great crowd that had gathered around the station were spared the annoyance of waiting for the promised pleasure. As soon as the train appeared in sight a salute was fired from the depot grounds. Mr. Greeley alighted from the car and was conducted to the office of Mr. Porteous, where he was welcomed to Portland in an informal way by Col. L. D. M. Sweat. Mr. Greeley merely thanked the Colonel for his welcome, and was then introduced to the other members of the Committee and several other gentlemen who had gained access for the purpose of becoming acquainted with the philosopher. Mr. Greeley wore a light-colored, high-crowned, soft felt hat, black alpacca sack-coat, and baggy black trowsers, and white vest. After a short interchange of courtesies, he was escorted to an open barouche which was in waiting, while the Committee and a number of admirers of Mr. Greeley filled other carriages. Preceded by O'Connor's Band of Boston, the procession moved up India street and through Congress to City Hall. A very large concourse filled the streets, but there was not so much enthusiasm exhibited as was anticipated. It was quite a modest and orderly congregation. In the meantime the Haverhill Cornet Band was stationed in front of the Hall and attracted many people by their music. City Hall was full when Mr. Greeley and the Committee, accompanied by C. P. Kimball, ascended the platform, and the ex-editor of the *Tribune* was welcomed with cheers. O'Connor's Band was in the gallery and after they had given a couple of select pieces, Col. Sweat introduced Mr. Greeley in a brief but very handsome address. Mr. Greeley said:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—It is certainly true that throughout the course of my life, as far as I have been concerned with public affairs, I have struggled (with such capacity as God has given me,) for 1st, impartial and universal liberty; 2d, for the unity and greatness of our common country; 3d, and by no means least, early and hearty reconciliation and peace among our countrymen. When the two first are attained, though the struggle for the latter may be long, the result cannot be doubtful. I apprehend that no personal considerations have drawn this asssembly here, but other and higher considerations have collected you around me.

It is a part of the unwritten law of our country that a candidate for President may not make speeches in vindication and commendation of the principles whereupon he is supported, the measures which his election is intended to promote, though a candidate for Vice President is under no such inhibition. I not merely acquiese in this restriction; I recognize and approve its propriety. The temptation to misreport and misrepresent a candidate for the highest post in so great a country, is great, leaving such perversions among people who never see a word of their refutation, are so vast, that a candidate has no moral right to subject his friends to the perils he must brave, if not invite, by taking a part in the canvass.

Yet there is a truth to be uttered in behalf of those who have placed me before the American people in my present attitude, which does them such honor that I claim the privilege of stating it here and now. This is that truth: No person has ever yet made the fact that he professed to support or actually *did* support my nomination, whether at Cincinnati, at Baltimore, or in the action which resulted in sending delegates to that last convention, the basis to a claim for office at my hands. No one who who favored my nomination before either convention, has sought office at my hands, either for himself or any one else, nor has any one suggested to me that I might strengthen myself as a candidate by promising to appoint any one to any important office whatever.

In a very few instances, less than a dozen, I am sure, certain of the smaller fry of politicians have since my double nomination hinted to me by letter, that I might increase my chances of election by promising a post-office or some such place to my volunteer correspondents respectively. I have not usually responded to these overtures, but I now give a general notice that, should I be elected, I will consider the claims of these untiring aspirants, after those of the more modest and reticent shall have been fully satisfied. (Applause.)

In two or three instances I have been asked to say whether I would or would not, if elected, confine my appointments to Republicans. I answer these by pointing to that plank of the Cincinnati platform wherein all who concur in the principles therein set forth, are cordially invited to participate in their establishment and vindication. I never yet heard of a man who wanted his neighbors to help him raise a house and proceed to kick them out of it so soon as the roof was fairly over his head. For my own part, I recognize every honest man who approves and adheres to the Cincinnati platform as my political brother, and as such fully entitled to my confidence and friendly regard.

One other point demands a word. Those adverse to me, ask what pledges I have given to those lately hostile to the Union, to secure their favor and support. I answer, no man or woman in all the South ever asked of me, whether directly or through another, any other pledge than is given in all my acts and words from the hour of Lee's surrender down to this moment. No Southern man ever hinted to me an expectation, hope or wish that the rebel debt, whether Confederate or State, should be assumed or paid by the Union. And no Southern man who could be elected to a legislature or made colonel of a militia regiment ever suggested the pensioning of rebel soldiers or any of them, even as a remote possibility. All who nominated me were pefectly aware that I upheld and justified Federal legislation to repress Ku Klux conspiracy and outrage, though I had long ago, insisted, as strenuously as I now do, that complete amnesty and a genuine oblivion of the bloody, hateful past would do more for the suppression and utter extinction of such outrages than all the force bills and suspension of habeas corpus ever devised by man. Wrong and crime must be suppressed and punished; but far wiser and nobler is the legislation, the policy by which they are prevented.

From those who support me in the South I have heard but one demand—justice; one desire—reconciliation. They wish to be heartily re-united and at peace with the North, on any terms which do not involve a surrendor of their manhood. They ask that they shall be regarded and treated by the Federal authority as citizens, not culprits, so long as they obey and uphold every law consistent with equity and right. They desire a rule which, alike for white and black, shall encourage industry and thrift and discourage rpacity and villainy. They cherrish a joyful hope, in which I fully concur, that, between the fifth of November and the fourth of March next, quite a number of the Governors and other dignitaries, who, in the abused name of Republicanism and loyalty have for years been piling debts and taxes upon their war-wasted States, will follow the wholesome example of Bullock of Georgia, and seek the shades of private life—the darker and denser those shades, the better for themselves and for mankind. And the hope that my election may hasten this much desired hegira of the thieving carpet-baggers has reconciled to the necessity of supporting me many who would otherwise have hesitated and probably refused.

Fellow citizens, the deposed and partially exiled Tammany ring has stolen about $30,000,000 from the city of New York. This was a most gigantic robbery, and hurled its contrivers and abettors from power and splendor to impotence and infamy. But the thieving carpet-baggers have stolen at least thrice this amount—stolen it from the already impoverished and needy, and they still flaunt their villiany in the high places of the land and are addressed as "Honorable," and "Excellency." I think I hear a voice from the honest people of all the States declaring that these iniquities shall be gainful and insolent no longer at farthest than to the fourth of March next. By that time these criminals will have heard a national verdict pronounced that will cause them to

"rold their tents like Arabs,
And silently steal away."

And that I trust, will be the end of their stealing at the cost of the good name of our country and the well-being of her people.

At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Greeley quietly subsided into his seat. Mr. Kimball handed him a package of letters and telegrams which had been addressed to him at Portland, which Horace, apparently unconscious of the crowd around him, tore open, hastily perused and thrust into his side pocket. It was then announced that an opportunity would be given to any wishing to shake hands with Mr. Greeley, and the crowd rushed on the platform. The pump-handle process continued for some time; then Mr. Greeley re-entered his carriage and was driven to the Falmouth Hotel, and almost immediately after rode with James M. Churchill to his residence on State street, and thence around the city back to the Falmouth.

At 6 o'clock Mr. Greeley sat down to dinner in one of the private parlors of the Falmouth Hotel. The party at the table numbered twenty-four, among whom were C. P. Kimball and W. H. Clifford, Esq., Democratic nominee for Congress in the first district. Two hours were spent at the table in the discussion of victuals and politics. Later in the evening Mr. Greeley was serenaded by one of the bands. He responded in a brief speech, which was confined entirely to a vindication of himself from the charges of political inconsistency. He apologized to the Democrats and said he was sorry that he had said so many hard things about them.

Centennial Celebration of Buxton.

PROCESSION—HISTORICAL ADDRESS—CENTENNIAL ORATION—DINNER—TOASTS, &C.

The Centennial Celebration of the town of Buxton, York county, was observed yesterday with imposing ceremonies. Preparations had been going on for some time to render the occasiod one of great interest.

The citizens of Buxton were astir at an early hour, and were busy preparing for the event of their life time. A salute was fired at sunrise, noon and sunset. The copious rain of the night previous had laid the dust, and although the sky was cloudy, it rendered the occasion all the more comfortable. Teams began to pour in by scores soon as daylight and by 8 a. m., the Common at Buxton Lower Corner, the scene of the celebration, was a lively locality, men, women and children being in holiday trim. The residences of John D. Coffin, esq., and D. B. Hill, esq., facing the common, were open to the distinguished guests.

The train from Portland arrived at 8.15 a. m., bringing a large number of the sons and daughters of Buxton resident in Portland and elsewhere, also the Portland Light Infantry and Portland Mechanic Blues. They were escorted to the Common by one of the marshals, accompanied by the Bar Mills Band.

A large delegation of sons and daughters and friends from Saco and Biddeford arrived in carriages, some 500 in number, accompanied by the Dover Cornet Band and the Bradford Choral Union, R. M. Hobbs, Conductor.

A procession was formed at 9½ a. m., and marched to the "Coliseum," a frame-shelter erected for the assembling multitude. It was covered with green branches, rendering it cool and comfortable. It was 240 feet long and 120 feet wide. The procession, a lengthy one, was as follows:

Chief Marshal Gerry Rounds; Aids; Capt. Joseph Davis, Capt. Stephen Berry, Thomas Tarbox, John Bradbury, George H. Libby, Police Detachment; Dover Cornet Band, W. J. Newell leader; Portland Light Infantry, 2d Lieut. C. R. Todd commanding; Portland Mechanic Blues, 1st Lieut. E. W. Loveitt commanding; Bar Mills Band; Buxton veterans of the late war, mostly of 27th Maine, under command of Capt. J. F. Warren; officers of the town including Selectmen J. Q. A. Harmon, Moses G. Hill and D. A. Townsend; Town Treasurer, Samuel Hanson; Town Clerk, Reuben W. Murch; Orators, Poet, Officers of the Day, representatives of the press, and other invited guests, Biddeford Choral Union, citizens of Buxton and surrounding towns, men, women and children on foot, numbering some two thousand.

The "Coliseum" was thronged with people, some 5000 being under its canopy and as many more outside and about the streets. Among those upon the speaker's platform were President J. L. Chamberlain of Bowdoin College, Hon. E. H. Banks of Biddeford, and several of the venerable residents of the town. A large arch handsomely trimmed with evergreen and boughs was at the main entrance to the Coliseum ground, and upon it the words, "Buxton welcomes her sons and daughters."

The exercises were as follows: Selection, by Choral Union and Band; Invocation, by Rev. Joseph Bartlett of Windham; Introductory remarks by J. Q. A. Harmon, President of the Day; Selection, "Ode on Science," by Choral Union and Band; Welcome Address, by Joseph Dunnell, esq.; "Star Spangled Banner," by Choral Union and Band, with solo by Miss Jose of Buxton; Historical Address, by Cyrus Woodman, esq., of Cambridge: Selection, by Choral Union and Band; Poem, by Chas. G. Came, esq., of the Boston *Journal*; Selection, by Choral Union and Band; Centennial Oration by Hon. Mark H. Dunnell of Minnesota, a son of the town; Selection by the band and march to the collation tent; Blessing by Bev. S. H. Merrill of Portland; "America," by the Choral Union and Band, the vast assemblage joining with grand effect; Toasts and responses by several speakers; social re-union; Selection, Auld Lang Syne, by Choral Union and Band.

HISTORICAL ADDRESS.

After a brief apology for the lack of time which his many duties forced upon him, and his consequent unwillingness to occupy the important and honorable position; and an eloquent tribute to the memory of the late Capt. Wm. Goodwin who was to have been historian for the occasion and to the most valuable services rendered to the town by Mr Daniel Dennett, he said:

Buxton owes its origin and settlement to the war with the Narraganset Indians, which, after great disasters to the Colonists, culminated in the destruction of the power of that tribe by the bloody victory over them, which was won in December, 1675.

The forces which in that year were gathered to destroy, once for all, the power of the Narragansets, were promised by the government on Dedham Plain, that if they played the man, took the Fort and drove the enemy out of the Narraganset country which was their great seat, that they should have a gratuity in land beside their wages.

The promise then made remained unfulfilled for more than fifty seven years. After most of those who were engaged in the fight had ceased to live, the act of April 26, 1733 was passed, by virtue of which our town of Buxton became the property of Philemon Dane of Ipswich, and of one hundred and nineteen other persons. This act was passed in the seventh year of the reign of George II. In compliance with this act, a general meeting of the grantees of the seven townships which had been granted to the Narragansett soldiers was held on Boston Common it is said on the 6th day of June 1733. At this time Philemon Dane and others were appointed a committee of the Ipswich Society, which society represented one hundred and twenty of the soldiers who were in the Narragansett war. After "viewing" the townships and presenting their report, the report was accepted by the Council and House of Representatives confirming our town to the Ipswich Society. This act was consented to by Gov. Belcher, Feb. 22, 1722-4. On that day Philemon Dane and his one hundred and nineteen associates became the legal proprietors of Narragansett No. 1, now Buxton.

The next duty of the committee was "to lay out one hundred and twenty-three lots in said township, no lot to exceed twenty acres." The lots so laid out were distributed by drawing therefor and on the 24th of November, 1736, therefore the ownership of lands in this town by individuals first began. Having obtained a title to their Township, the next care of the proprietors was to get the town settled so that the grant should not be forfeited. At a meeting held May 30, 1737 it was voted "to eucourage by bounties the settlement of thirty families in this then uninhabited wilderness."

The first meeting house was built between the 20th of October, 1742 and the 18th of April, 2743. It was directed by vote to be "thirty feet long and twenty-five feet wide and nine feet stud of hune timber and the roof to be borded and short shingled."

On the 11th of November, 1743, the House of Representatives in apprehension of a war between France and the northern country voted to expend £100, old tenor, in building a garrison in this town. Tradition places it at Salmon Falls as stated on Dennett's map. It was doubtless built of logs as well as the first meeting house near which it was built. At this time there were not more than twenty men capable of bearing arms and after the declaration of war they all turned their backs upon their humble homes and went to more thickly settled places.

After peace was declared from 1750 may be dated the permanent settlement of the town and continuous history. Peace was declared May 10, 1740, and a second war broke out in the spring of 1755, and the settlers were in constant anxiety until the fall of Quebec in 1759. The men went armed to their work, but no attack was ever made upon them, by the Indians. During this war the first military company was formed and Joseph Woodman was the first captain in this town. At a meeting held July 2, 1760 "it was voted that there be a meeting house built as soon as may be." In Nov. 16, 1761 the proprietors voted to give Mr. Paul Coffin fifty pounds sterling yearly "if he see cause to settle with us in the work of the ministry. Voted also £100, lawful money, to be given him as an encouragement to settle with us in the work of the ministry." They voted also to make him reasonable additions, as shall be thought needful and convenient. They likewise petition to hire a school master. Rev. Silas Moody entered the town as school master at the same time as Rev. Paul Coffin as minister. Mr. Coffin received his call Nov. 16. He had been preaching since the 22d of March. He was then 23 years old, and does not seem to have given a formal answer until Jan. 31, 1763, as follows:

To the Proprietors of Narraganset Township No. 1:

Gentlemen,—Having considered the invitation you give me to settle in this place in the capacity of a minister of the Gospel, and a pastor of the church to be gathered here: and having never heard of any uneasiness among the people here about my doctrine or manner of life I declare myself pleased with your invitation and ready to settle as above desired as soon as may be judged convenient.

The ordination took place March 16, 1763 Rev. Messrs. Hemmenway and Little of Wells with their delegates came on snow shoes and lost their way, remaining in the woods one night suffering from cold and hunger, but reached the settlement in time to assist the Rev. Messrs. Fairfield and Morrill of Saco and Biddeford.

Mr. Coffin was a young man born and educated in polished society. He was a learned man able to read the scriptures in the Latin, Greek and Hebrew languages, to which he added a knowledge of the French, which he read and wrote with ease. At this place he settled for life, with at that time less than thirty families in town, most of whom were living in log houses, and not a single educated parishioner. He preached here 60 years. With the most enlightened part of the community as a preacher and a gentleman he was not only acceptable, but sought after and admired. His cotemporaries in civil life, the Wingates, Pickmans, Parsons, Bradburys, Sewalls, Wells, Gorhams and Longfellows sought his society, for they felt themselves refreshed by it, and his presence checked no decent joy. He died June 6, 1821.

July 26, 1769 a meeting was called, "to choose a committee to lay out ye pew ground of ye meeting [house] is sd Township and sell ye same to such as will buy in order to underpin the Meeting House and build a Pulpit and to finish ye Meeting House as far as ye money will go." At the next meeting of July 25, it was voted to give a deed reserved for a mill privilege on Salmon Falls to Capt. John Elden, John Nason, Isaiah Brooks and Jabez Lane. At the last meeting of the proprietors before the incorporation of the town it was held in the meeting house on the 17th of June, 1772 and Deacon Amos Chase of Saco was present and presided. Up to Oct. 12, 1752 the meeting house had been occupied ten years, but had not yet been finished. A day's labor in silver was equivalent to sixty-six cents of our money in silver, which would buy as much then of the necessaries of life as perhaps two dollars would now.

The first saw mill was built in 1750. The mill was built by Joseph Woodman. This was probably the only saw mill in town until 2761, when not only a saw mill but the first grist mill was built by John Elden of this town, Jeremiah Hill of Biddeford and Joseph Leavitt of York.

CENTENNIAL ORATION.

We subjoin the following abstract of the Centennial Oration of Hon. Mark H. Dunnell: In commencement he alluded to the memories of the past, the presence of so many sons and daughters of Buxton from far and near, coming here to renew old associations. Some, alas! have gone home to the spirit land, but their memories will live forever. Let the mind go back and forth over the track of the now past life. Let young and old ponder upon their musings. He touchingly alluded to the veterans still remaining. The sacredness of the old homes, the well known fields, the orchards, the beutiful Saco, the bridges, &c., were also pathetically referred to. This day will be an oasis in our journey of life. The early struggles, sufferings and loves were also pictured. One cannot but exclaim

"Where'er I roam, whatever realms I see,
My heart untrammeled ever turns to thee."

Let the lessons of the past be heeded and the future improved. No town can come into existence without struggles and privations, and so it was with Buxton. Incidents of its early experience were given. Its revolutionary days were full of heroism. The Mayflower at Plymouth brought over the Puritans, the founders of the American principles of government, and it is the basis of town as well as the national existence—the best system in the known world. The Declartion of Independence is germ which has developed into grander beauty. Baxton has wrought out a glorious record and has experience a prosperous growth. The residents are thrifty, her farms excellent, her lumber mills and other industries prospering. She will continue to prosper. Buxton's brave war record was eloquently alluded to. We should cultivate a broad and generous patriotism, drinking deeply at the sources of natural liberty—looking above parties. In conclusion, he congratulated the sons and daughters and residents of Buxton on this most successful centennial. The address was frequently interrupted with hearty applause.

The Poem by Charles G. Came, esq., was a felicitous and well written effort, giving many prominent events and incidents with rare poetic talent and effect. We have only room for a few extracts. In commencement he alluded to the revisiting of the old home—lingering around the objects of affection,

This is our home whatever else we call
By that endearing name, and brethren are we all.

His allusion to the several localities and prominent citizens of the town, and former events were very apt—caused loud applause; also his reference to the mothers and daughters, and their worthy experiences and merits. The town's progress, its heroic record in the wars of the revolutions, 1812-1861-'65, the changes within the hundred years were all graphically depicted. In conclusion, referring to the brave Buxton boys in the war, he said:

"So shall it ever be, though the blessed flag advance
Till welcomed o'er the continent, its stars in glory glance,
An little town, a speck on the nation's mighty plains,
With her single drop of blood coursing through the nation's veins,
As vital as any other, as near the eternal heart,
With the Union e'er shall stand, with that alone depart.
So while the sun smiles upon her or Saco rolls its waters down,
Through all, all the coming ages, God bless the town!"

The collation was a most abundant and excellent one reflecting great credit upon the ladies of Buxton. After the blessing by Rev. S. H. Merrill of Portland, the hungry assemblage fell to with a relish.

After dinner the exercises were resumed. "Keller's American Hymn" was finely sung by Misses Alice and Annie Leavett of Buxton. Then followed "America," by the Choral Union and the band. The next in order were the following toasts and responses, Dr. A. K. P. Meserve acting as toast master: "The President of the United States," response by Hon. Joseph Hobson of Saco; "The sons and daughters of Buxton resident elsewhere," response by L. B. Foss, Esq., of Boston; "The day we celebrate," response by George Woodman, Esq., of New York; "The town of Buxton," response by C. E. Jose, Esq., of Portland; "Our church edifices," response by Rev. J. M. Bent of Buxton Centre Baptist church; "The sons of Buxton in the late war," response by Capt. J. F. Warren; "The future of Buxton," response by Rev. Mr. Gates of Somersville, Conn.; "Our venerable Grandmothers," response by Joshua Dunn, Esq., of Portland.

The following voluntary toasts were offered respectively by Rev. Mr. Burt and Rev. Mr. Gage:—"Buxton" and "The Father's of Buxton.

An interesting letter was received from C. R. Brewster, Esq., of Charleston, S. C., a native of Buxton, but was not read for want of time.

Dr. A. K. P. Meserve made the closing speech, thanking the people of Buxton for their efforts, and the sons and daughters of the town and friends of Biddeford, Portland and elsewhere, for their large attendance and interest and wished them all a happy future.

J. H. Foss, Esq., of Saco, son of Buxton, responded in appropriate terms, remarking that thanks were due the Buxtonians for their glorious reception.

Rev. S. H. Merrill of Portland, another son of the town, made a happy and appropriate speech. The band played "Home, Sweet Home," and the occasion ended.

Mrs. President J. L. Chamberlain had her ankle injured by the falling of some plank-seats, but it is thought not seriously.

Mr. Editor:—In the make-up of that committee sent out yesterday to meet and escort into the city the "great and good Horace," how lovingly appear in alternate layers, the names of Democrat and Liberal, Copperhead, and "truly loil." How sweet and touching was the order in which they set forth arm in arm, two by two in search of the great philosopher, who was born, seven times in one day, in the State of New Hampshire. It calls to one's mind the "marching in song," composed by Noah, and sung by him "at sea" with great applause:—

"And they all went in, two by two,
The elephant and the kangaroo,
The great big whale, and the little whale too
And a couple of monkeys from Timbuctoo,
And so they went in two by two,
AND THEY ALL WENT IN!"

SMILAX.

THE reception given in this city yesterday to Horace Greeley, the Democratic candidate for President, is not to be compared, either in enthusiasm or numbers to that given their candidate, Stephen A. Douglas, in 1860. A reference to the files of the *Argus* on the occasion of the reception of Douglas will show the above fact. When Douglas made his speech in the evening in front of the Preble House, Congress street, from Brown street to the United States Hotel, was crowded with people so that it was impossible for pedestrians, much less carriages to move in that direction. It was not so yesterday.

THE GRAND ARMY RE-UNION.—As we stated yesterday, the arrangements for this great gathering of the ex-soldiers of the State, are so nearly perfected that there can be no doubt that it will prove a great success, and that the visiting "Boys in Blue" will have a most enjoyable meeting with the comrades here.

A special meeting of Post Bosworth is to be held this evening, for the purpose of completing the arrangements for the meeting of the Department Encampment, and all members of the Post should be present, as business of great importance is to be acted upon.

Cape Elizabeth.

The M. E. Church of Ferry Village, propose a Moonlight Excursion among the Islands of the Bay, this Thursday evening. The steamer Express, Capt. Oliver, has been engaged for the trip. The steamer will leave Custom House Wharf, Portland, at 7 1-4 o'clock, and Ferry Wharf, at Ferry Village, at 7 1-2 o'clock. The Union Brass Band have kindly tendered their services for the occasion. All who contemplate making a moonlight excursion to the Islands this season. would do well to avail themselves of this opportunity. The entertainment will be of a vocal, moral, and intellectual nature. The receipts of the evening are for charitable and benevolent purposes. Tickets may be obtained at G. F. Henley's, Ferry Village, or on board the boat. Should the weather be unfavorable, the excursion will take place the next fair evening.

Mr. John Hatch, who has been in the employ of Ariel Strout, Jr., hung himself Wednesday afternoon. Cause unknown. Mr. Hatch was a sober, industrious man, about 30 years old. He leaves a wife and one child.

ODD FELLOWS.

Twenty-Seventh Annual Session of the Grand Lodge of Maine.

The twenty-seventh annual session of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Maine, was held in Lewiston Tuesday. Large delegations of the Order were present from the different parts of the State. The forenoon was occupied with a business session. The meeting was opened by Grank Master Babb and a prayer was offered by Grand Chaplain Rowell.

The Committee on Credentials reported 105 members in attendance. The Grand Master then read his annual communication, in which he gave a recital of his official acts in instituting Lodges by himself and deputies. By his deputies were instituted Keazer Valley Lodge, No. 66, Fairfield Lodge No. 68; by himself Ivy Lodge, Degree of Rebecca, Beacon Lodge No. 67, Friendship Lodge No. 69.

The R. W. Grand Secretary then read his report, by which it appears that the whole number of contributing members are, 2,984; initiated, 468; admitted by card, 15; withdrawn by card, 54; suspended, 63; brothers relieved, 170; brothers buried, 19. The Amount paid for relief of brothers, $6,690.73; for relief of widowed families, $493.14½; for education of orphans, $138.82, for burying the dead, $641.25. Total relief, $866.67; amount received, $19,546.58; invested funds, $66,377.39. Number of Lodges, 26. Total amount of receipts of Grand Secretary, $1,578.45.

Officers were elected as follows:

Grand Master, G. A. Callahan, Lewiston; Deputy Grand Master, O. B. Whitten, Lewiston; Grand Warden, F. M. Laughton, Bangor; Grand Secretary, N. G. Cummings, Portland; Grand Treasurer, S. K. Dyer, Portland; Grand Chaplain, C. H. Blake, Portland.

Past Master Benjamin Kingsbury, Jr., of Portland, then installed the officers elect. The Grand Master then appointed the following officers:

Grand Marshal, William F. Garcelon, Lewiston; Grand Guardian, James H. Knox, Skowhegan; District Deputies—District No. 1, R. M. Stevens, Biddeford; No. 2, O. B. Whitten, *ex-officio*; No. 3, Micajah Gleason, Bridgton; No. 4, N. H. Morse, Bath; No. 5, G. A. Callahan, *ex-officio*; No. 6, J. H. Knox, Skowhegan; No. 7, S. G. Hill, Union; No. 8, F. M. Laughton, *ex-officio*.

Resolutions looking to the restoration of the old regalia, appropriating $500 to revive defunct lodges were adopted.

The following committees were appointed:

On Appeals—C. R. Goodell, C. H. French, Nahum Morrill, H. C. Wyman, E. A. Buck, B. C. Richards.

On State of the Order—J. B. Neally, J. E. Haseltine, D. W. Bapp, N. H. Carlton, J. M. Sargent.

On Finance—C. H. Rich, E. A. Buck, A. K. Gilmore.

It was voted that the Grand Treasurer invest $1500 of the Lodge's funds in Portland bonds. After the usual complimentary resolutions the Lodge adjourned.

MISCELLANEOUS NOTICES.

DR. BROADBENT arrived at the Falmouth Hotel last evening. See his advertisement.

ADAMSON'S Balsam cures Asthma, Coughs Colds, Lung Complaints. Price 35 and 75 cts mr15-T T S & wly.

OUR entire stock of Hosiery at cost!
COVELL & COMPANY.

A BULL LINE of White Mountain and North Conway views at Schumacher's, 5 Deering Block, Congress street. aug 10-eod3t

BURNED PORTLAND.—I have the negatives, and all the pictures taken of Portland before the fire.
FRED'K F. HALE.
ag13-tf.

J. BURLEIGH & Co., 89 Middle street, are selling Clothing and Furnishing Goods slightly damaged by water, less than one-half the cost.
J. BURLEIGH & Co.,
89 Middle St.

GREAT bargains in unbleached Sheeting. A large lot of yard wide sheeting from auction, worth 13½ cents, which we shall by the piece at 11 cents a yard. Don't wait until it is all gone.
COGIA HAS

THE PRESS.

Portland Wholesale Price Current.
Corrected for the PRESS to Aug. 14.

Apples.		**Lead.**	
Cooking	none	Sheet & Pipe, ℔	10@ 11
Eating	2 50 @ 4 50	Pig	8 @ 8½
Dried, western ℔	9 @ 11	**Leather.**	
do eastern ℔	10 @ 13	New York,	
Ashes.		Light	28 @ 29
Pearl, ℔ lb	11 @ 11½	Mid. Weight	29 @ 31
Pot	9 @ 10	Heavy	29 @ 31
Beans.		Slaughter	38 @ 43
Pea	4 25 @ 4 50	Am. Calf	1 00 @ 1 20
Blue Pod	3 00 @ 3 25	**Lime.**	
Yellow Eyes	4 00 @ 4 25	Rockland c'sk	1 40 @
Box Shooks.		**Lumber.**	
Pine	none	Clear Pine,	
Bread.		Nos. 1 & 2	55 00 @
Pilot Sup	10 00 @ 12 00	No. 3	45 00 @
Pilot ex. 100 lb	7 50 @ 9 00	No. 4	30 00 @ 35 00
Ship	5 50 @ 6 00	Shipping	19 00 @ 22 00
Crackers, ℔100	40 @ 50	Spruce	16 00 @ 18 00
Butter.		Hemlock	13 00 @ 15 00
Family, ℔ lb	25 @ 30	Clapboards,	
Store	14 @ 18	Spruce ex	35 00 @ 36 00
Candles.		do. No. 1	27 00 @ 00 00
Mould, ℔ lb	12½@ 13	Pine	60 00 @ 65 00
Sperm	35 @ 37½	Shingles,	
Cement.		Cedar ex	4 75 @ 5 00
℔ bbl	2 35 @ 2 40	Cedar No. 1	3 00 @ 3 50
New Cheese.		do. Shaved	5 50 @ 6 50
Vermont, ℔ lb	11½@ 12½	Pine do.	5 00 @ 7 50
Factory	12½@ 13½	Laths,	
N. Y. Dairy	11 @ 12	Spruce	2 25 @
Coal—(Retail).		Pine	3 00 @ 3 50
Cumberland	8 50 @ 9 00	**Molasses.**	
Pictou	6 50 @ 7 00	Porto Rico, new	50 @ 60
Chestnut	6 50 @ 7 00	Cienfuegos, new	37 @ 40
Franklin	8 50 @ 9 00	Muscovado	35 @ 38
B. & W. Ash	7 50 @ 8 00	New Orleans	none
Coffee.		Mus tart	
Java, ℔ lb	25 @ 28	Sagua, New	35 @ 38
Rio	22½@ 23½	**Nails.**	
Cooperage.		Cask	5 75 @
Hhd. Shooks and Heads,		**Naval Stores.**	
Mol. City	2 40 @	Tar ℔ bbl	5 00 @ 5 25
Sug. (C.Tar)	4 50 @ 4 75	Pitch, (C.Tar)	4 50 @ 4 75
Sug. C'try	1 35 @ 1 40	Wil Pitch	5 50 @ 5 75
Country Rift Mol.		Rosin	5 00 @ 9 00
Hh'd Sh'ks	1 35 @ 1 40	Turpentine, gl	58@ 60
Hh'd Headings,		**Oil.**	
Soft Pine	28 @	Kerosene	@ 31
Hard Pine	30 @ 31	Port. Ref. Petr	@ 26
Hoops, (14ft)	35 00 @ 38 00	Sperm	1 90 @ 2 00
R. Oak Staves	40 00 @	Whale	95 @ 1 00
Copper.		Bank	50 @ 58
Cop. Bolts	45 @	Shore	45 @ 55
Y. M. Sheathing	30 @	Porgie	50 @ 58
Bronze do.	30 @	Linseed	82 @ 83
Y. M. Bolts	30 @	Boiled do	87 @ 88
Cordage.		Lard	85 @ 95
American, ℔ lb	13½@ 14	Olive	1 25 @ 1 75
Russia	13½@ 14	Castor	1 60 @ 1 90
Manila	19½@ 20½	Neatsfoot	1 25 @ 1 50
Manila B'tr'p	21½@	Elaine	58 @ 60
Drugs and Dyes.		**Paints.**	
Alcohol, ℔ gal	1 85 @ 2 00	Port. Lead	11 25 @
Arrow Root	25 @ 55	Pure Gr'd do	11 50 @ 12 00
Bi-Carb Soda	6½@ 8½	Pure Dry do	11 50 @
Borax	36 @ 37	Am. Zinc	12 00 @ 13 00
Camphor	@ 60	Rochelle Yell	3½@ 4
Cream Tartar	45 @ 47	Eng. Ven. Red	4 @ 4½
Indigo	1 25 @ 1 50	Red Lead	11 @ 12
Logwood ex	11 @	Litharge	11 @ 12
Madder	17 @ 18	**Plaster.**	
Naptha, ℔ gal	25 @ 30	Soft, ℔ ton	@ 2 75
Opium	7 50 @ 7 75	Hard	@ 2 50
Rhubarb	1 00 @ 1 50	Ground, in bls	8 00 @ 9 00
Sal Soda	@ 4	Calcined, brls	2 75 @ 3 00
Saltpetre	10 @ 18	**Produce.**	
Sulphur	4½@ 5½	Beef Side, ℔ lb	10 @ 12
Vitrol	13 @ 14	Veal	10 @ 12
Duck.		Mutton	10 @ 12
No. 1	@ 46	Chickens	22 @ 25
No. 3	@ 42	Turkeys	18 @ 20
No. 10	@ 28	Eggs, ℔ doz	24 @ 27
Ravens,		Potatoes, ℔ bbl	50 @ 60
8 oz	@4	Onions	℔ bbl 4 00 @ 4 50
10 oz	@ 30	**Provisions.**	
Iron.		Mess Beef	10 00 @ 12 00
Common	4½@ 5½	Ex Mess	12 50 @ 14 50
Refined	5½@ 5½	Plate	13 00 @ 15 00
Swedish	7½@ 8	Ex Plate	15 00 @ 16 00
Norway	8 @ 8½	Pork,	
Cast Steel	20 @ 22	Backs	18 00 @
German Steel	14 @ 15	Clear	18 00@
Eng. Bibs Steel	18 @ 20	Mess	16 00 @
Spring Steel	8½@ 11½	Prime	@ none
Sheet Iron,		Hams	16 @ 17
English, W.	7½@ 8½	**Rice.**	
R. G.	8½@ 9	Rice, ℔ lb	7½@ 10
Russia	22 @ 24	**Saleratus.**	
Galv	12 @ 16½	Saleratus, ℔ lb	7 @ 9½
Lard.		**Salt.**	
Kegs, ℔ lb	10½@	Turk's Is. ℔ hhd. (8bus)	2 50 @ 2 75
Pieces, ℔ lb	9½@ 10½	St. Martin	none
Pail	9 @ 10½	Bonaire	2 65 @ 3 00
Tallow	9 @ 9½	Cadiz, duty pd	2 50 @ 2 87½
Candles	12 @ 13	Cadiz, in bond	1 75 @ 2 25
Leather.		Liverpool, duty	
Hemlock Sole	35 @ 40	paid	2 50 @ 2 87½
Upper	25 @ 30	Liv. in bond	1 50 @ 2 25
Calf	1 50 @ 2 00	Gr'nd butter	25 @ 30
Kip	1 25 @ 1 50	Syracuse	none
Hides, ℔ lb	9 @ 10	**Seeds.**	
Slaughter	1 75 @ 2 00	Clover lb	10 @ 10½
Calf	1 50 @ 2 00	Red Top bag	475
Lime.		H. Grass, bush	325 @ 3 50
Rockland ⊕ bbl	1 40 @	do Canada	375
Lumber.		**Soap.**	
Clear Pine,		Ex St'm Ref'd	@ 9
Nos. 1 & 2	55 00 @	Family	@ 8
No. 3	45 00 @	No. 1	@ 7
No. 4	30 00 @ 35 00	Chem. Olive	@ 10
Shipping	19 00 @ 22 00	Crane's	@ 13
Spruce	16 00 @ 18 00	Soda	@ 13
Hemlock	13 00 @ 15 00	**Spices.**	
Clapboards,		Cassia, pure	45 @ 48
Spruce ex	35 00 @ 36 00	Cloves	@ 30
do. No. 1	27 00 @ 00 00	Ginger	20 @
Pine	60 00 @ 65 00	Mace	1 60 @ 1 00
Shingles,		Nutmegs	1 20 @ 1 25
Cedar ex	4 75 @ 5 00	Pepper	28 @ 30
Cedar No. 1	3 00 @ 3 50	**Starch.**	
do. Shaved	5 50 @ 6 50	Pearl	9 @ 11½
Pine do.	5 00 @ 7 50	**Sugar.**	
Laths,		Granulated	12 @ 12½
Spruce	2 25 @	Coffee A	11½
Pine	3 00 @ 3 50	Extra C	11½
Molasses.		C	11 @
Porto Rico	50 @ 60	Syrups	40 @ 60
Cienfuegos	37 @ 40	Eagle Sugar Refinery:	
Muscovado	35 @ 38	Yellow	8½ @ 9
New Orleans	none	Ex "(C)	9 @ 9½
Mus tart		(C)	9½@ 9½
Sagua, New	35 @ 38	C	9½@ 9½
Nails.		CC	9½@ 10
Cask	5 75 @	Ex C	10 @ 10½
Naval Stores.		Mus. Gro.	9 @ 9½
Tar ℔ bbl	5 00 @ 5 25	Hav. Brown	
Pitch, (C.Tar)	4 50 @ 4 75	Nos. 12 & 16	10½@ 11½
Wil Pitch	5 50 @ 5 75	Refining	8½@ 8¾
Rosin	5 00 @ 9 00	**Teas.**	
Turpentine, gl	58@ 60	Souchong	25 @ 40
Oil.		Oolong	45 @ 55
Kerosene	@ 31	Oolong, choice	60 @ 80
Port. Ref. Petr	@ 26	Japan	55 @ 70
Sperm	1 90 @ 2 00	Do. choice	75 @ 90
Whale	95 @ 1 00	**Tin.**	
Bank	50 @ 58	Straits, cash	42 @ 43
Shore	45 @ 55	English	42 @ 43
Porgie	50 @ 58	Char. I. C.	16 25 @ 16 50
Linseed	82 @ 83	Char. I. X.	18 75 @ 19 00
Boiled do	87 @ 88	Antimony	22 @ 23
Lard	85 @ 95	**Tobacco.**	
Olive	1 25 @ 1 75	Fives and Tens,	
Castor	1 60 @ 1 90	Best Brands	65 @ 75
Neatsfoot	1 25 @ 1 50	Medium	55 @ 60
Elaine	58 @ 60	Common	50 @ 55
Paints.		Half lbs.	50 @ 58
Port. Lead	11 25 @	Nat'l Leaf, lbs	80 @ 90
Pure Gr'd do	11 50 @ 12 00	Navy lbs.	50 @ 68
Pure Dry do	11 50 @	**Varnish.**	
Am. Zinc	12 00 @ 13 00	Damar	1 75 @ 2 50
Rochelle Yell	3½@ 4	Coach	2 25 @ 5 50
Eng. Ven. Red	4 @ 4½	Furniture	1 50 @ 2 50
Red Lead	11 @ 12	**Wool.**	
Litharge	11 @ 12	Fleece washed	55 @ 65
Plaster.		do. unwashd	40 @ 45
Soft, ℔ ton	@ 2 75	Pulled, Super	65 @ 70
Hard	@ 2 50	Pelts	1 50 @ 3 00
Ground, in bls	8 00 @ 9 00		
Calcined, brls	2 75 @ 3 00		
Produce.			
Beef Side, ℔ lb	10 @ 12		
Veal	10 @ 12		
Mutton	10 @ 12		
Chickens	22 @ 25		
Turkeys	18 @ 20		
Eggs, ℔ doz	24 @ 27		
Potatoes, ℔ bbl	50 @ 60		
Onions	℔ bbl 4 00 @ 4 50		
Provisions.			
Mess Beef	10 00 @ 12 00		
Ex Mess	12 50 @ 14 50		
Plate	13 00 @ 15 00		
Ex Plate	15 00 @ 16 00		
Pork,			
Backs	18 00 @		
Clear	18 00@		
Mess	16 00 @		
Prime	@ none		
Hams	16 @ 17		
Rice.			
Rice, ℔ lb	7½@ 10		
Saleratus.			
Saleratus, ℔ lb	7 @ 9½		
Salt.			
Turk's Is. ℔ hhd. (8bus)	2 50 @ 2 75		
St. Martin	none		
Bonaire	2 65 @ 3 00		
Cadiz, duty pd	2 50 @ 2 87½		
Cadiz, in bond	1 75 @ 2 25		
Liverpool, duty			
paid	2 50 @ 2 87½		
Liv. in bond	1 50 @ 2 25		
Gr'nd butter	25 @ 30		
Syracuse	none @		
Seeds.			
Clover lb	10 @ 10½		
Red Top bag	475		
H. Grass, bush	325 @ 3 50		
do Canada	375		
Soap.			
Ex St'm Ref'd	@ 9		
Family	@ 8		
No. 1	@ 7		
Chem. Olive	@ 10		
Crane's	@ 13		
Soda	@ 13		
Spices.			
Cassia, pure	45 @ 48		
Cloves	@ 30		
Ginger	20 @		
Mace	1 60 @ 1 00		
Nutmegs	1 20 @ 1 25		
Pepper	28 @ 30		
Starch.			
Pearl	9 @ 11½		
Sugar.			
Granulated	12 @ 12½		
Coffee A	11½		
Extra C	11½		
C	11 @		
Syrups	40 @ 60		
Eagle Sugar Refinery:			
Yellow	8½ @ 9		
Ex "(C)	9 @ 9½		
(C)	9½@ 9½		
C	9½@ 9½		
CC	9½@ 10		
Ex C	10 @ 10½		
Mus. Gro.	9 @ 9½		
Hav. Brown			
Nos. 12 & 16	10½@ 11½		
Refining	8½@ 8¾		
Teas.			
Souchong	25 @ 40		
Oolong	45 @ 55		
Oolong, choice	60 @ 80		
Japan	55 @ 70		
Do. choice	75 @ 90		
Tin.			
Straits, cash	42 @ 43		
English	42 @ 43		
Char. I. C.	16 25 @ 16 50		
Char. I. X.	18 75 @ 19 00		
Antimony	22 @ 23		
Tobacco.			
Fives and Tens,			
Best Brands	65 @ 75		
Medium	55 @ 60		
Common	50 @ 55		
Half lbs.	50 @ 58		
Nat'l Leaf, lbs	80 @ 90		
Navy lbs.	50 @ 68		
Varnish.			
Damar	1 75 @ 2 50		
Coach	2 25 @ 5 50		
Furniture	1 50 @ 2 50		
Wool.			
Fleece washed	55 @ 65		
do. unwashd	40 @ 45		
Pulled, Super	65 @ 70		
Pelts	1 50 @ 3 00		

STATE OF MAINE.

CITY OF PORTLAND, SS.

To the Electors

—OF THE—

CITY OF PORTLAND,

August 8th, 1872.

THE Aldermen of the City of Portland have prepared Alphabetical lists of such inhabitants as appear to them to be Constitutionally qualified to vote in the election of Governor, Senators and Representatives to the State Legislature in and for the several Wards in said City, and that they will be in open session at the Aldermens Room on Tuesday, the twentieth day of August, instant, from nine to twelve o'clock A. M., and from three to six o'clock P. M., for the purpose of receiving evidence of the qualifications of persons claiming the right to vote on such election and for correcting said lists.

Given under our hands the day and year above written.

J. S. YORK,
GEORGE C. LITTLEFIELD,
W. H. JOSSELYN,
CHAS. MCCARTHY, JR.,
MARQUIS F. KING,
Aldermen of the City of Portland.

aug9dtd

PROPOSALS FOR HEADSTONES FOR NATIONAL MILITARY CEMETERIES.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE, WAR DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., August 1, 1872.

Proposals are invited for marking the graves in the national cemeteries as required by law, to be addressed to the Quartermaster General, Washington, D. C.

Proposals should state the price for each headstone, properly inscribed and set at the head of the grave in each national military cemetery.

Bids may be for the whole work of all the cemeteries, or for that of several cemeteries in a district or for a single cemetery.

The bonds required will be, in amount, twenty (20) per cent. of the whole amount of each contract.

All proposals received by the Quartermaster General will be opened on the 12th, day of October, 1872, at noon, at the office of the Quartermaster General, Washington, D. C., in presence of bidders, and contracts will be awarded to the lowest responsible bidders as soon as a comparison of the samples and prices can be completed, provided the samples are deemed suitable by the Secretary of War.

All samples should be distinctly marked in order to prevent mistakes.

Lists of the cemeteries, with the number of graves in each, together with full information as to conditions, requirements, &c., will be furnished on application in writing to the Quartermaster General, Washington, D. C.

Envelopes containing poproosals, to be indorsed "Proposals for headstones for national military cemeteries," and addressed to the Quartermaster General, Washington, D. C.

M. C. MEIGS,
Quartermaster General, Bvt. Major General U. S. A

ag2-d60t

NICKEL PLATING

Costs less than Silver Plating

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MORE DURABLE !

All articles to which *Nickel Plating* is applicable plated in the best manner, under license from United Nickel Company of New York.

☞ Manufacturers are requested to avail themselves of the facilities we offer.

AUBURN FOUNDRY & MF'G CO.

AUBURN, Maine.

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MUSIC BOXES! MUSIC BOXES

Not only the tinkling, sweet-toned little Music Boxes, but larger ones, up to immense instruments that produce sounds as powerful as those of a Pianoforte, and fill a house with melody. Call soon at 33 COURT STREET and select one from the large stock, so that it may

Chime Christmas,

or ring the New Year, in the ears of your delighted family!

VIOLINS, GUITARS, FLUTES, BAND INSTRUMENTS, and a full assortment of other instruments. MUSIC and MUSICAL MERCHANDISE, also for sale at the store of

J. C. HAYNES & CO., 33 Court St.,
[Opposite the Court House.) dec"-d&wte

NOTICE

THE Second National Bank, located at Portland, in the State of Maine, is closing up its affairs. All Note holders and other creditors of said association are therefore hereby notified to present the Notes and other claims against the association for payment.

W. N. GOOLD, Cashier.

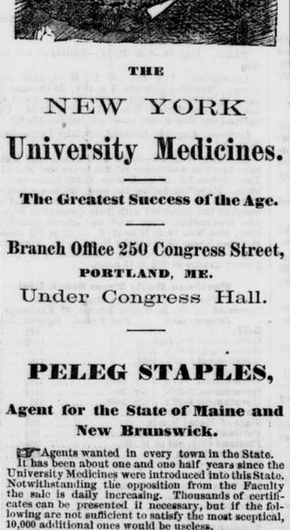
Portland, Maine, June 24th, 1872. 1w2?d2m

Board.

A GENTLEMAN and wife or single gentlemen can be accommodated with good rooms and board at 21 1-2 Free street. Terms reasonable.

July 19-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.



THE

NEW YORK

University Medicines.

The Greatest Success of the Age.

Branch Office 250 Congress Street,

PORTLAND, ME.

Under Congress Hall.

PELEG STAPLES,

Agent for the State of Maine and New Brunswick.

☞ Agents wanted in every town in the State.

It has been about one and one half years since the University Medicines were introduced into this State. Notwithstanding the opposition from the Faculty the sale is daily increasing. Thousands of certificates can be presented if necessary, but if the following are not sufficient to satisfy the most sceptical, 10,000 additional ones would be useless.

CATARRH (the mother of consumption,) Scrofula, salt Rheum, and many other diseases hitherto considered incurable, readily yield under treatment of the University Medicines.

FEMALE DISEASES treated with perfect success. Having treated over two hundred cases within the last three months, I consider it safe to warrant a perfect cure to 95 cases out of every one hundred, without cauterization or the least exposure.

SPERMATORRHŒA, the great destroyer of humanity on the face of the Globe. How many bewail the loss of precious vitality without having the slightest idea of the cause, their manhood is daily vanishing and they are gliding into a state of hopeless decay. I have treated over five hundred cases of this malady within six months, with the University Medicines with perfect success.

Persons afflicted with diseases will please call or send and get a book, (free,) wherein they will find their diseases explained, and necessary remedies.

Address PELEG STAPLES,
250 Congress St., Portland, Me.

Certificates of Cures.

Some two years ago my daughter, seven years old, had a severe attack of rheumatic and pleurisy fever, which left her in a very dangerous condition. Her liver inactive, no appetite to eat, general debility and sinking daily. We employed good physicians without benefit. After having nearly despaired of her recovery we decided to try the New York University Medicine. In two months she was able to go to school, and has not been compelled to lose a day since on account of ill health.

CAPT. J. H. THORNDIKE,
88 St. Lawrence street.

Portland, June 25th, 1872.

PORTLAND, June 25th, 1872.

This is to certify that I have been afflicted with the inflammatory rheumatism for over twenty years. I have employed some of the best physicians in Portland, and paid hundreds of dollars for medicine without any permanent cure. Two years ago last March I was taken with the rheumatic fever; for five weeks I was unable to turn in bed or feed myself, my left arm and hand was reduced to nearly half the size of my right one, and was unable to lift two pound's weight until last July, when I saw the effect of the University Medicines on the daughter of Capt. Wm. Thorndike. I called on Dr. Staples and stated my case. He said he could cure it. I commenced taking the medicine with the accompanying direction. Before I had taken four bottles I considered myself more free from pain than I have been for twenty years up to this time. I have not had a relapse. I consider it to be the only sure medicine for the above complaint.

WILLIAM. J. SMITH,
late firm of Pearson & Smith.

Staples's Compound Tar Ointment will cure Piles in 24 hours.

I was so badly afflicted with Piles that I could not rest nights or move without great pain. I was cured in 24 hours with Staples' Compound Tar Ointment.

Portland, June 25th, 1872.

RULOF BODGE, 23 Oxford street.

PORTLAND, Feb. 17, 1872.

DR. STAPLES,—This may certify that I had been troubled with Scrofula all my life. Some three months since I became so reduced that I could not raise myself in bed. In this condition my friend sent for you. With your direct Medicator and University Medicine I was in 20 minutes enabled to get up and dress myself. In one week I left Portland and travelled night and day in the South without the least inconvenience. I have since been free from all of the above troubles and cannot use too strong language in recommending the treatment to all afflicted. I am satisfied it saved my life.

W. W. ATWOOD, 24 Emery St.

DR. STAPLES, 250 Congress St., Portland,—You will doubtless recollect some two years since I called on you with a bad case of Salt Rheum. My hands and arms looked more like gum sticks than flesh, after taking your University Medicines four months the trouble all disappeared and I have not had the least return symptoms of the diseases since.

ALLEN N. STAPLES,
Treat's Island, Eastport, Me.

I have been troubled, more or less, for five years, with inflammatory rheumatism. For the last six months I have suffered beyond description. My limbs were badly swollen and inflamed; it was with great pain and difficulty that I could move. My case was well known by thousands of citizens in Portland. I am to-day a well man, and I was cured by the University Medicine, and Acupuncturation.

CAPT. W. S. PENNELL, 18 Grey St.

Some three months ago I was persuaded by my wife to take the University Medicines. My health and mind were so badly affected that my friends became alarmed for my safety. In a week after commencing to take the Medicine I felt great relief. I am now as well as any other man. My wife has been for a long time afflicted with disease that has baffled the skill of our best physicians; some of whom pronounced the case incurable. Under treatment of the University Medicines her health has greatly improved. Any one doubting will please call at No. 6 Lincoln street, or at repair shop Grand Trunk depot.

GEORGE KINGSBURY.

Portland, Aug. 5, 1871.

For five years I have suffered with Catarrh, a bad consumptive cough and pain in my left side. I had employed several physicians and have paid them over $50 without the least benefit. I have used six dollars' worth of the University Medicines, and am relieved from the above troubles.

JOHN SHAW, West Com'l St., Portland, Me.

I have been troubled with Scrofula all my lifetime, and Neuralgia in the head seven years and have consulted good physicians from Maine to New York without any benefit whatever. I have taken six bottles of the Cancer Plant and one and one-half of the Neuralgia Elixir, and a little of some other kinds and I now feel better than I ever was before in my life. I cannot say with Mr. Munsey, that I feel twenty years younger, being only twenty-eight, but can say I never felt so young to my knowledge in my life.

I think the worth of the Medicine cannot be estimated in words or money.

MRS. A. O. W. FOSTER, Wilton, Me.

SOUTH PARIS, Feb. 2, 1872.

DR. STAPLES,—Dear Sir:—The medicine I got at your place, Jan. 24, has done wonders for me. It is all you recommended it to be.

You may make any use of the above you think proper. Yours truly,

The above case has been treated for the past four years by different physicians for cancer.

For twenty-five years I have suffered with Scrofula and Salt Rheum, (or Tetter,) Have paid out hundreds of dollars, and been treated by several first-class physicians without benefit. Some four weeks ago, I commenced using the University Medicines. At the time my forehead and head were covered with sores and scaliness of the skin; also my tongue was covered with small ulcers. I am to-day free from all the above troubles, and can heartily recommend these medicines to the afflicted.

S. C. MUNSEY, 27 Chestnut Street.

Portland, January 24, 1870.

As certain individuals have reported that the above certificate is false and my disease as bad as ever, I wish to say, at the time I gave the above certificate, the story was not half told. In addition to the above, my leg and back were covered with sores. I am now well and feel at least twenty years younger than I did before taking the remedies.

My advice to the afflicted is to give the medicine a trial and not to be deterred by the cry of humbug.

It cured me, it has cured many others. I believe the extract of cancer plant will cure any blood disease in existence.

S. C. MUNSEY, 27 Chestnut street.

June 7, 1872.

I had the Catarrh so bad for several years that my hand became confused and painful. I was obliged to get up several times a night to keep from choking. I employed some of the best Physicians without benifit. I was perfectly cured with the University Medicines in three weeks.

A. M. MORGAN, 119 Congress St.,
Contractor on the Portland & Ogdensburg R. R.

Since giving the above certificate I have been perfectly free from Catarrh though I have been continually exposed to wet and cold.

A. M. MORGAN.

June 34th, 1872.

This may certify that I had been suffering with the "Rheumatism" for five months, and at that time it seized my right hip and leg, down to the foot. This the physicians called "Sciatic." I tried many kinds of highly recommended medicines which I took for the blood. Still I got no relief for seven months more, all the time doing my best, with as good advisers as we have in our city. Finally, I called at the New York University Branch, and the proprietor said he could help me. So I commenced on his medicine, and in four weeks I thought I felt relief, and in eight weeks I was able to leavt my cane at home and have been well up to this time three months have passed.

DAVID KEAZER.e,
Portland, Aug. 2, 1870.

I have been afflicted for twenty years with Chronic Rheumatism. I have spent hundreds of dollars for medical treatment without benefit. Ten days ago, I commenced taking the University Medicines and I can truly say it has been more benefit to me than all other treatment I ever received. My place of business is 137 Pearl street. I shall be pleased to answer all enquiries.

JOHN TURNER.

For fifty years I have been troubled with Scrofula. Some fifteen years ago a fearful ulcer broke out on my leg. Three months ago it had extended from the ankle joint nearly to the knee. I could not move without great pain. In this condition I commenced taking the University Medicine.

At first it drove out a fearful humor all over me.

In a few days the humor began to subside, and the ulcer is now healed, and I feel like a new being.

ELIZABETH CHAMBERLAIN, 38 Chestnut St.

Portland, Aug. 30.

I guarantee the above certificates to be genuine, I will forfeit $1000 to any one that will find them otherwise.

Persons having doubts will please address the parties

jc28 d2aw&weow2m

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MY JOLLY FRIEND'S SECRET

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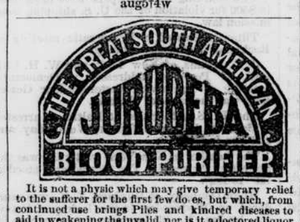

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